

**ERNEST BOREL**  
WATCHES  
MORE ACCURATE  
MORE STEADY  
MORE REGULAR

# CHINA MAIL

ESTABLISHED FOR MORE THAN 100 YEARS

No. 34608.

HONG KONG, THURSDAY, JUNE 8, 1950.

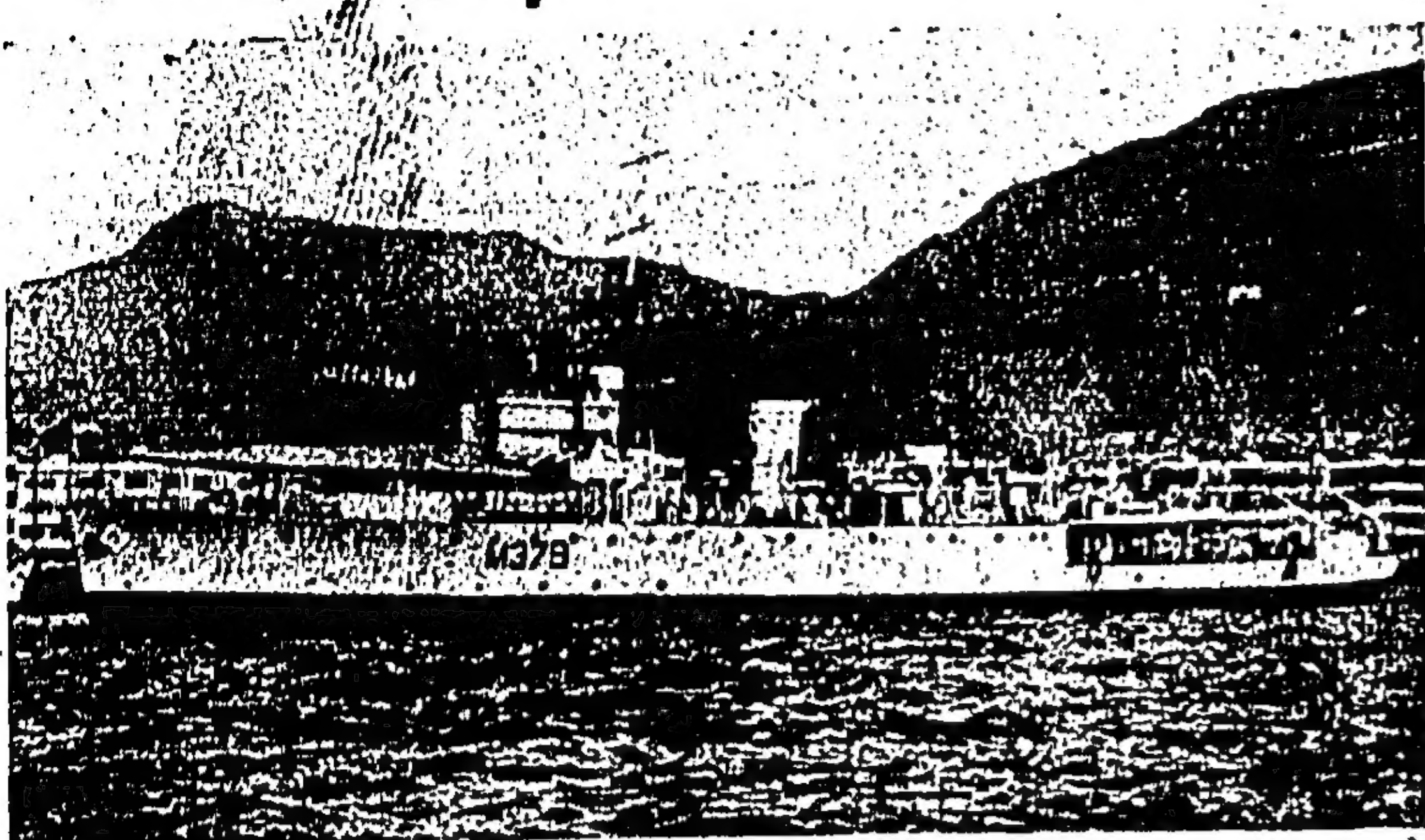
Price: 20 Cents.

## "SKANDEX"

FIRE-PROOF  
CARD-INDEX STEEL CABINET

Swedish made  
High Quality — Low Price  
Ask for a Demonstration At:  
Hong Kong Typewriter Exchange  
9, D'Aguiar St. Tel. 21493.

## Minesweeper for HKNDF



HMS Cornflower, a minesweeper, which was presented to the Hong Kong Naval Defence Force yesterday at a ceremony attended by the Governor, Sir Alexander Grantham, and Lady Grantham. The ship, formerly HMS Lysander, was renamed Cornflower by Lady Grantham. Story on Page 2.—(China Mail) photo.

## BIRTHDAY HONOURS FOR HK RESIDENTS

A Hong Kong journalist is among the local residents who have been honoured by the King. Mr. Henry Ching, editor of the "South China Morning Post," has been awarded the Order of the British Empire (Civil) in the King's Birthday Honours List.

Dr. S. N. Chau, Unofficial Member of the Legislative Council, has been awarded the Order of Commander of the British Empire (Civil).

## NEW TRADE TALKS IN TOKYO

Tokyo, June 7. British Commonwealth representatives and American Occupation trade officials today began talks on the third post-war Sterling bloc-Japan trade agreement which Japanese officials hope will be more satisfactory than the previous arrangements.

The United Kingdom, India, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa and Ceylon are represented at the talks with the Japanese. The conference is expected to end on June 10 when the agreement will be signed. The talks are being held in the Japanese Ministry of Commerce.

The Japanese Ministry of Commerce has been negotiating with the British Commonwealth and the United States for a trade agreement since the end of the war. The agreement is expected to be signed by June 10.

## GENERAL SMUTS

Pretoria, June 7. General Smuts had a very good night last night and continued to make progress, according to today's official bulletin.

His doctor told him that the General's heart was getting on very nicely.

## THE WEATHER

At 0800 GMT (8 A.M. H.K.T.) the tropical depression is expected to move over the South China Sea. The depression is expected to move over the South China Sea. The depression is expected to move over the South China Sea.

## JAPANESE REDS' CALL FOR GENERAL STRIKE

Action by SCAP termed violation of Potsdam MacArthur orders Yoshida to carry out new purge

Tokyo, June 7. Japan's Communist Party today defiantly called for a general strike to protest against General MacArthur's purge of its leaders, but the Occupation authorities so far appeared unwilling to be baited into outlawing the Communist Party.

Headquarters officials said denunciation of SCAP's action in the official Party organ, "Akahata", and scattered protest demonstrations throughout Japan would be considered individually rather than as cause for a blanket Red ban.

Nevertheless, the Communists, apparently itching for martyrdom, hawked today's edition of "Akahata" with megaphones on street corners and at tram and underground stations. "Akahata", although well aware it may be banned, published an official Communist Party statement calling SCAP's purge "violation of the Potsdam declaration".

It said 65 labour unions in Tokyo had decided "there is no longer room for argument" and henceforth would stage strikes wherever possible, with a general strike as the ultimate goal.

In Fukuoka City, Kyushu, Communist leaders told a crowd of 300 that General MacArthur's action "equalled in viciousness" the Japanese Government's suppression of the Communists in March 1928. "One of SCAP's first acts after the surrender was to free the former Secretary-General, Kiyoshi Tokuda, and other Communists imprisoned since that date."

In Yawata, Kyushu, the Communists put up posters summoning comrades to an emergency meeting. Leftist students at Tokyo University distributed handbills calling for a general student strike. There were no arrests. National police headquarters in Tokyo received no reports of violence anywhere, but continue on the alert.

The Attorney-General, Shunichi Ueda, said the Government may expel Communists from the Civil Service, the teaching profession and key industries. Legislation dealing with the Reds was expected to be put before the forthcoming extraordinary Diet session, probably this month.

## Action near HK

Taipei, June 7. Continued action in the Pearl River estuary was reported in an official Navy communiqué and unofficial reports told of British military planes on reconnaissance over the island still in Nationalist hands.

The Navy communiqué said that five armed Communist craft on Monday night moved up to attack Nationalist gunboats on patrol East of Yachow Island near Lingling Island in the Pearl River estuary. Two Communist boats closed in up to 1,000 yards, received direct fire and were sunk. Three others were damaged but escaped.

The report of British military planes stated that Kai Tak-based aircraft were making daily flights at low level over Nationalist gunboats which are continuing to operate against the Communists in Wanshan Islands, and the lower Pearl River estuary. United Press.

## U.S. military reinforcements in the PI would be welcome

Manila, June 7. President Elpidio Quirino would welcome additional American troops in the Philippines.

He told a Press conference that he doubted that there is any official move in Washington to "take over" the Philippines. But, asked what his reaction would be to a United States move to multiply greatly the number of troops in bases here, Mr. Quirino replied: "That would be favourable in view of the troubled conditions in this part of the world."

Asserting that he could not believe the U.S. would ever think of "reconquering" the Philippines, the President remarked: "There may be some people who still think the United States should control the Philippines, but that is not the official position of the United States."

Asked to comment on reports questioning the Occupation President, Jose Laurel, as saying the present Administration is doomed to collapse due to immorality and corruption, Mr. Quirino replied: "This country has never seen a more honest and more patriotic Administration than the present one."

## Yoshida sees MacArthur

Tokyo, June 7.

The Premier, Shigeru Yoshida, met General MacArthur at 6 p.m. and conferred for one hour, presumably discussing today's order, and the "whole Communist situation." No details are likely to be revealed.

Authoritative Headquarters sources said the new list of 17 to be purged was a pretty good cross-section of the men changing its consistent policies or face sterner action.

The announcement of the new list of the Japanese party was made after Yoshida, whose Government obviously fears its mammoth Red "neighbourhood" in Japan, was considering outlawing the Communist Party in Japan.

Weak-chinned, bespectacled Etsuo Shino, a former coal miner who was held in prison 10 years by Japan's former militarists, heads the new Communist group. It, too, may be purged. But if it survives, it plans to fight Communist policies in Japan until the party congress in the autumn.

A short time after the new MacArthur purge, Japanese police raided headquarters of the Public Employees' Union in quest of what they said was documentary evidence of a protest letter on Saturday to General MacArthur.

## Three demands

This is the second police action in this case which involves a letter signed by representatives of 23 unions. The letter was read at a Communist meeting. In brusque language and in a rebuking tone, the letter repeated the Communist demand for a "quick total" peace for Japan, withdrawal of Occupation forces and release of eight Japanese convicted of assaulting five American soldiers in a leftist Memorial Day demonstration.

A police official said only a raid on the Employees' Union headquarters was made today. But the newspaper "Asahi" said raids had been made on headquarters of all unions that signed the letter. (Continued On Page 11)

## Action needed

General MacArthur said "Akahata" was a glaring exception to the general responsibility of the Japanese Press and its policy calls for prompt corrective action to safeguard the public peace.

## Britain trying to Woo Albania over

Belgrade, June 7. Super-secret negotiations between important British, Greek and Albanian officials are under way in Rome with the aim of bringing Albania into the Western camp.

The conference caused serious concern in Yugoslav official circles and were reported to have greatly surprised the few American officials aware of what is taking place.

The source, who has recently returned from Italy, said a very high-ranking Albanian delegation arrived in the Italian capital from Tirana recently and immediately contacted special British emissaries who had come from London for the meeting.

So far-reaching and delicate are the matters being discussed in Rome that the informant predicted that all the Governments concerned would deny the story. The Greek representatives are not members of their country's Foreign Office but special intelligence officers. The report by the source was for the most part confirmed by independent sources in Belgrade.

On May 1, he said, the Albanian delegation headed by the Deputy Foreign Minister, M. Prifti, arrived in Rome. Ostensibly, their visit was to negotiate a trade agreement with Italy and ease relations with the Italians in an effort to alleviate the difficult position in which isolated Albania found itself following the Communist break with Marshal Tito.—United Press.

## JAPAN IN THE WESTERN CAMP

Tokyo, June 7. A spokesman for the victorious Government Liberal Party said today that Japan is not neutral and must be counted in the Western democratic camp.

The Chief Cabinet Secretary, Katsuo Okazaki, justified the Government's anti-Communist policy as natural inasmuch as Japan exists with the democratic camp of West Europe.

Mr. Okazaki told a Press conference, "I don't think that the Soviet Union is so dumb as to regard this country as neutral."

He said the world is divided into two camps and if Japan tried to stay neutral other countries would not permit her to do so.

The Premier, Shigeru Yoshida, at a separate Press conference, warned the Japanese against regarding America's wish with malice and skepticism because the Communists were saying that the United States will convert Japan into a military base.

He pointed out that the United States is fighting Japan to the June 11, 1945, when Japan was to recover from defeat faster than some victor nations.

The secret of diplomacy is to approach the other party with good faith, Mr. Yoshida said. He again expressed regret over the Memorial Day incident in which eight Japanese were sentenced to prison by a U.S. Army court, assaulted five Americans.—United Press.

## TACHENS NEXT?

Taipei, June 7. Official despatches said the Reds are massing troops on the mainland for invasion of the Tachen Islands, 180 miles South of Shanghai, which the Nationalists have been trying to convert into a blockade base since their withdrawal from the Chusan last month.

Four steamships and more than 300 junks, the reports declared, have been massed at the mainland port of Haimen, presumably for an assault on the Tachens.

Nationalist warships were credited with having sunk three out of eight Communist motor boats in waters near Haimen.—Associated Press.

**DO YOU LIVE IN KOWLOON?**  
Drive into  
**THE NEW CALTEX SERVICE STATION**  
OPERATED BY CHINA INTERNATIONAL MOTORS LIMITED  
AT NATHAN & SALISBURY ROADS.  
(Opposite Peninsula Hotel)

Now there's real convenience in the position of Kowloon's newest service station—right at the end of Nathan Road, you'll find

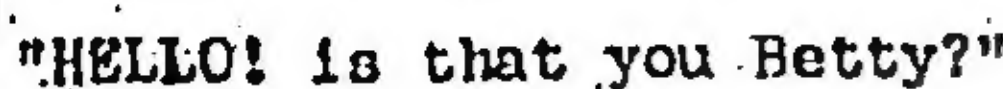
- SPEEDY SERVICE
- SAVING EFFICIENCY
- CHINA INTERNATIONAL MOTORS LTD.

**GREASE & SPRAY ONLY \$2.00**

## On Other Pages

Page 2: Mr. Strachey Visits the Army Ship for Naval Defence Force.  
Page 3: Delivery Farm Meeting.  
Page 4: Barafay on Bridge.  
Page 5: Power Through Disunion: Editorial.  
Page 6: Trygve Lie's Peace Plan.  
Page 7: Engineering Feature.  
Page 8: Communist Observation.  
Page 9: Finance and Commerce.  
Page 10: Affairs and Movements.





**SEE THIS AMAZING OFFER IN THE  
PORCELAIN DEPT. MEZZANINE FLOOR**

1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100, 2101, 2102, 2103, 2104, 2105, 2106, 2107, 2108, 2109, 2110, 2111, 2112, 2113, 2114, 2115, 2116, 2117, 2118, 2119, 2120, 2121, 2122, 2123, 2124, 2125, 2126, 2127, 2128, 2129, 2130, 2131, 2132, 2133, 2134, 2135, 2136, 2137, 2138, 2139, 2140, 2141, 2142, 2143, 2144, 2145, 2146, 2147, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, 2153, 2154, 2155, 2156, 2157, 2158, 2159, 2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167, 2168, 2169, 2170, 2171, 2172, 2173, 2174, 2175, 2176, 2177, 2178, 2179, 2180, 2181, 2182, 2183, 2184, 2185, 2186, 2187, 2188, 2189, 2190, 2191, 2192, 2193, 2194, 2195, 2196, 2197, 2198, 2199, 2200, 2201, 2202, 2203, 2204, 2205, 2206, 2207, 2208, 2209, 2210, 2211, 2212, 2213, 2214, 2215, 2216, 2217, 2218, 2219, 2220, 2221, 2222, 2223, 2224, 2225, 2226, 2227, 2228, 2229, 2230, 2231, 2232, 2233, 2234, 2235, 2236, 2237, 2238, 2239, 2240, 2241, 2242, 2243, 2244, 2245, 2246, 2247, 2248, 2249, 2250, 2251, 2252, 2253, 2254, 2255, 2256, 2257, 2258, 2259, 2260, 2261, 2262, 2263, 2264, 2265, 2266, 2267, 2268, 2269, 2270, 2271, 2272, 2273, 2274, 2275, 2276, 2277, 2278, 2279, 2280, 2281, 2282, 2283, 2284, 2285, 2286, 2287, 2288, 2289, 2290, 2291, 2292, 2293, 2294, 2295, 2296, 2297, 2298, 2299, 2300, 2301, 2302, 2303, 2304, 2305, 2306, 2307, 2308, 2309, 2310, 2311, 2312, 2313, 2314, 2315, 2316, 2317, 2318, 2319, 2320, 2321, 2322, 2323, 2324, 2325, 2326, 2327, 2328, 2329, 2330, 2331, 2332, 2333, 2334, 2335, 2336, 2337, 2338, 2339, 2340, 2341, 2342, 2343, 2344, 2345, 2346, 2347, 2348, 2349, 2350, 2351, 2352, 2353, 2354, 2355, 2356, 2357, 2358, 2359, 2360, 2361, 2362, 2363, 2364, 2365, 2366, 2367, 2368, 2369, 2370, 2371, 2372, 2373, 2374, 2375, 2376, 2377, 2378, 2379, 2380, 2381, 2382, 2383, 2384, 2385, 2386, 2387, 2388, 2389, 2390, 2391, 2392, 2393, 2394, 2395, 2396, 2397, 2398, 2399, 2400, 2401, 2402, 2403, 2404, 2405, 2406, 2407, 2408, 2409, 2410, 2411, 2412, 2413, 2414, 2415, 2416, 2417, 2418, 2419, 2420, 2421, 2422, 2423, 2424, 2425, 2426, 2427, 2428, 2429, 2430, 2431, 2432, 2433, 2434, 2435, 2436, 2437, 2438, 2439, 2440, 2441, 2442, 2443, 2444, 2445, 2446, 2447, 2448, 2449, 2450, 2451, 2452, 2453, 2454, 2455, 2456, 2457, 2458, 2459, 2460, 2461, 2462, 2463, 2464, 2465, 2466, 2467, 2468, 2469, 2470, 2471, 2472, 2473, 2474, 2475, 2476, 2477, 2478, 2479, 2480, 2481, 2482, 2483, 2484, 2485, 2486, 2487, 2488, 2489, 2490, 2491, 2492, 2493, 2494, 2495, 2496, 2497, 2498, 2499, 2500, 2501, 2502, 2503, 2504, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2508, 2509, 2510, 2511, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2515, 2516, 2517, 2518, 2519, 2520, 2521, 2522, 2523, 2524, 2525, 2526, 2527, 2528, 2529, 2530, 2531, 2532, 2533, 2534, 2535, 2536, 2537, 2538, 2539, 2540, 2541, 2542, 2543, 2544, 2545, 2546, 2547, 2548, 2549, 2550, 2551, 2552, 2553, 2554, 2555, 2556, 2557, 2558, 2559, 2560, 2561, 2562, 2563, 2564, 2565, 2566, 2567, 2568, 2569, 2570, 2571, 2572, 2573, 2574, 2575, 2576, 2577, 2578, 2579, 2580, 2581, 2582, 2583, 2584, 2585, 2586, 2587, 2588, 2589, 2590, 2591, 2592, 2593, 2594, 2595, 2596, 2597, 2598, 2599, 2600, 2601, 2602, 2603, 2604, 2605, 2606, 2607, 2608, 2609, 2610, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614, 2615, 2616, 2617, 2618, 2619, 2620, 2621, 2622, 2623, 2624, 2625, 2626, 2627, 2628, 2629, 2630, 2631, 2632, 2633, 2634, 2635, 2636, 2637, 2638, 2639, 2640, 2641, 2642, 2643, 2644, 2645, 2646, 2647, 2648, 2649, 2650, 2651, 2652, 2653, 2654, 2655, 2656, 2657, 2658, 2659, 2660, 2661, 2662, 2663, 2664, 2665, 2666, 2667, 2668, 2669, 2670, 2671, 2672, 2673, 2674, 2675, 2676, 2677, 2678, 2679, 2680, 26







# CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

**20 Words \$2 for 1 insertion**  
**\$1 for every additional insertion**  
**10 cents every additional word per insertion**  
 (Alternate Insertions 10% Extra)

**BIRTHS, DEATHS, MARRIAGES, PERSONAL \$5 per insertion**  
 of 25 words, 25 cents every additional word per insertion.

Classified Advertisements, accepted up to 5 p.m. for publication in the following days paper.

Replies for the Following Box Nos. are awaiting collection.

Replies will be forwarded to the Advertiser if requested on the original form which should bear their names and addresses.

A suitable announcement will be inserted Free of Charge if Advertiser's requirements are satisfactorily answered.

## LOST

LOST—Kai Tak Airfield Identification Permit No. 455 in the name of FONG MIN. This pass is being cancelled by D.C.A. Finder return to Hongkong Airways Ltd., Peninsula Hotel Kowloon.

## POSITION WANTED

SHANGHAI Cook Boy and Wash Amah, speaking English. Experienced in English and American Cooking. Good References. Apply Box 575 "China Mail".

## WANTED KNOWN

RENOUVEE Dresses just unpacked, delightful Linzi frocks from London. Most reasonably priced, 504 Victory House, Wyndham St. Tel. 38643.

RADIO REPAIRS performed by trained technicians under foreign supervision. Modern, accurate methods—no guesswork. Repair include cleaning and checking chassis. Moderate rates, reliable work. Our reputation is your guarantee. Phone 26310, and we'll do the rest. Colonial Agencies, School Building, 14 Queen's Road.

DRESSES and Blouses (all kinds of materials) at competitive prices—from HK\$20.00 up. Satisfaction guaranteed. Inspection cordially invited at Long Kee Ladies Tailor 31D Nathan Road Kowloon.

LADIES, we have at your service all specialized operations for Helene Curiles cool waves, machineless cut perms, hairdyes and manures—ROSE MARIE Beauty Parlor—Phone 50384—43, Hankow Rd., Kowloon.

## CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

MAY BE BOOKED AT THE SWINDON BOOK STORE, 25 NATHAN ROAD, TEL. 59327.

PEKING ART RUG CO., 221A Nathan Rd., Kowloon, sell exclusively carpets and rugs. Please drop in and have a look.

WHY LIMP about with a painful corn or ingrowing toenail when a visit to Beten's expert chiropodist can put you right? Consult Beten's Beauty Salon, 1st Floor, Exchange Building.

CARPETS, Rugs, Upholstery cleaned in your own home by modern, convenient DURACLEAN SERVICE. DURACLEAN COMPANY, DEERFIELD, ILL. U.S.A. Agent: George Lin & Co., 202 Bank of East Asia Building, Tel: 24408.

CARPETS & RUGS—Genuine Peking and Tintain, lovely designs and colorings, various sizes come and inspect at The China RUG Co., Kowloon Building, 4th Floor (Opposite Hong Kong Hotel) Queen's Road, Central.

## DANCING LESSONS

BALL-ROOM dancing lessons may be arranged at Windsor School of dancing, 1, Granville Road, Kowloon, 2-5 p.m. Monday to Friday.

## FOR SALE

CONVENIENT EASY Way to own a New Pilot Radio. Whether you need a bedside midsize, large table model, or luxury radiogram, we have a "Pilot" to suit. Terms as low as \$120 per month. Colonial Agencies, School Building, 14 Queen's Road, Phone 26310.

HONG KONG FILM AND THEATRE NEWS at \$1.00 per copy. Obtainable at Leading Book Stores, Newspaper Sellers, Cinemas and "China Mail" Office.

CHINA MAIL PICTORIAL (Revised edition) at \$3.00 per copy. Obtainable at all Leading Book Stores and "China Mail" Office.

SCRIBBLING PAD—100 pages at 50 cents each. On sale at "China Mail" Office, Wyndham House, Tel. 32218.

## POLICE NOTICE

The following traffic arrangements have been made for the Garden Party at Government House on Thursday, June 8, 1950 at 4.30 p.m.

### 1. APPROACH ROUTE.

- Via the main gate, Upper Albert Road.
- Owner drivers, unless authorized to park in the Forecourt, will not be permitted to drive their cars into Government House Grounds.
- Chauffeur driven cars and taxis should enter the main gate and leave via the east gate.

### 2. PARKING.

- Government House Enclosure.  
Flag cars and holders of Government House Privilege Parking Labels may enter the main gate and park in the Forecourt.
- Chauffeur Driven Cars.  
No labels required. Park in Chater Road between Jackson and Murray Road. At end of Garden Party, cars will be called to Government House by radio.
- Red Label Car Park.  
(I) Upper Albert Road from Main Gate westwards to Church Guest House.  
(II) Upper Portion of slip road connecting Lower Albert Road to Upper Albert Road.  
(III) Kennedy Road, westwards from New Masonic Hall to Garden Road.
- White Label Car Park.  
(I) Lower portion of slip road connecting Upper Albert Road to Lower Albert Road.  
(II) Lower Albert Road Eastwards from Central Hospital.  
(III) Secretariat forecourt and compound at rear of P.W.D. Block.  
(IV) General Car Parks.  
(I) The whole of Murray Parade Ground.  
(II) Slip Road connecting Lower Albert Road to Kennedy Road.  
(III) Ice House Street.  
(IV) Kennedy Road (East of the Masonic Hall) providing no obstruction is caused.

N.B. Owner drivers are particularly requested to arrive sufficiently early to enable Traffic Police to marshal cars into the parking areas.

COMMISSIONER OF POLICE.

June 8, 1950.

# Gov't criticised on farm leases

(Continued from Page 3)

"The present Authorised Capital of the Company is \$7,500,000 divided into 1,000,000 shares of \$7.50 each. Of that number, 468,892 shares have already been issued and on your giving approval to the issue of Bonus Shares mentioned, twice that number of shares, namely, 937,784 Shares will represent our Issued Capital.

"The balance of unissued shares will then be only 222,108 shares. I desire to increase the Authorised Capital of the Company for the purpose of the cash issue of shares which I shall have something to say in a moment, and secondly, to enable my subsequent share issues to be made with greater expediency.

"Other than the bonus and cash issues of shares which you are to be asked to approve at the Extraordinary Meeting to follow this one, no fresh issue of Capital is contemplated in the near future. In other words, the increase of Authorised Capital to \$30,000,000 by the creation of 3,000,000 additional shares of the nominal value of \$7.50 each will, in my opinion, take care of my future share issues for some time to come. I trust the resolution will receive your approval.

"Before proposing the adoption of the Report and Accounts under consideration at this Meeting, I would like to inform shareholders that in total the Company's trading results for the first four months of this year compare favourably with the figures for the corresponding period in 1949. The Chairman then proposed the adoption of the report and accounts. The motion was seconded by Mr. J. D. Clague who said:

## Farm leases

"I would like to make one or two observations on the important question of the Farm lot leases to which the Chairman has referred. "In the first place I am sure shareholders will endorse the view put forward by the Chairman that they would not consider favourably the expenditure of any figure in the neighbourhood of \$10,000,000 on the setting up of a new farm in the New Territories if for no other reason than because the Dairy Farm would almost certainly no longer be able to sell fresh milk to the public at anything like a reasonable price.

"Having made our attitude in this connection clear, I consider the question of whether or not Government resumes the land on which the Dairy Farm now functions should be considered solely as a matter of public expediency.

"The Chairman has, in my opinion, made a good case for the Company being allowed to continue rendering valuable service to the public by providing a supply of fresh milk, and I find it difficult to understand why Government should wish to use the land in question for building purposes until all other building sites in the Pokfulam area in particular and all suitable alternative sites elsewhere have been fully developed.

"Should these circumstances arise then the decision of Government to resume the Dairy Farm is self-evident. But these circumstances have not yet arisen nor, judging by the current rate of development in the Pokfulam area, are they likely to arise in the foreseeable future and it is difficult to see how the present Government attitude can be justified as being in the best interests of the public.

"If Government's policy is to divide up the land in question and sell it as private building lots over a period, I do not con-

sider that they can make a good case for resumption at this stage. Who knows but that in six years time the population of Hong Kong may have been considerably increased and the demand for building sites therefore negligible.

"In the light of these many factors it is difficult to understand Government's attitude unless they have some development of considerable public benefit in mind in which case I believe it would have been better had the Company been so informed in the absence of any such plan it would seem to be in the best public interest to allow the Dairy Farm to remain in situ carrying out its valuable service to the public, and providing permanent employment for nearly 500 local workers."

## Shareholder's question

Mr. N. V. A. Croucher, another shareholder, said:

"What I would like to know, Mr. Chairman, is why Government should differentiate between Farm and Building Lot Leases. They are renewing the latter on payment of a premium—why not the same with the Farm Lot Leases? I understand that they, the Leases, are identical in every respect.

"I fully agree, as I am sure do the very large majority of Colony residents, that an institution such as the Company operating at Pokfulam is absolutely necessary to the Colony.

"To my way of thinking, the lands at Pokfulam do not lend themselves to large scale residential development, you find the same scheme of things all round the island. It is only because the Company has owned sites, cleared and cultivated the lands, built roadways and pathways that has caused a few to cast envious glances in their direction.

"Surely, in order to provide building sites for a few, Government will not be so shortsighted as to 'cash in' on the situation in preference to allowing the Company to remain at Pokfulam, and so permitting it to continue to fulfill its most necessary role of providing a Fresh Milk supply for the Colony.

The motion was then put to the vote and carried unanimously.

The retiring Directors, Mr. E. R. Hill and Mr. P. S. Cassidy, were re-elected to the Board. Pat Marwick Mitchell and Company, were appointed auditors for the ensuing year.

In the extra ordinary general meeting which was held immediately afterwards a special resolution and two ordinary resolutions were passed. The special resolution was Article 61 of the Articles of Association to be amended for the Directors' Fees to be increased. One of the ordinary resolutions was for the capitalisation of \$3,000,000 from accumulated profits by the issue of 400,000 bonus shares to shareholders.

The other ordinary resolution was for the authorised capital of the Company to be increased from HK\$7,500,000 to \$30,000,000 by the creation of 3,000,000 additional shares of \$7.50 each.

Present at the meeting were Mr. E. R. Hill (Chairman), Dr. S. M. Chiu, Mr. P. S. Cassidy, Mr. J. D. Alexander and Mr. E. F. Watts (Directors), Mr. J. D. Thomson (General Manager) Mr. G. Milne (Assistant General Manager) and Mr. A. A. Bremner (Secretary).

Shareholders present were Messrs. J. D. Clague, N. V. A. Croucher, C. D. Sindo, A. Drummond, H. Sidbury, P. Loureiro, D. L. Strellett, C. L. Gregory, A. D. Wylie, Andrew Tse, W. E. Tingle, T. B. Wilson, F. J. Hoimann-Fisher, J. Walkers, H. J. Armstrong, T. Pearce, Hudson Chen Wood and Miss Figuerido.

# "Russian killed in Kwangtung"

Taipei, June 7. The Defence Ministry said a high Russian adviser died of injuries suffered at the hands of an angry mob after he had raped a Chinese girl in the Pearl River district of Kwangtung.

The Ministry identified the girl supposedly concerned as Lee Sut-seng. The Russian, whose name was given as Kapaleoff, was said to have been attacked and severely beaten despite the intervention of Communist police. He died in hospital a few days later.

The Defence Ministry said that Communist authorities, in order to placate the Russians, arrested the girl in the case as well as 45 persons who took part in the riot and sent them to Canton for punishment—Associated Press.

## SOVIET BOYCOTT IN TOKYO

Tokyo, June 7. For the second time in succession, the Soviet Union today failed to attend the regular fortnightly session of the Allied Council for Japan.

Russia again did not give previous notice of its intention of being absent. There was nothing on the agenda—Reuters.

# MAJESTIC

SHOWING TODAY  
 At 2.30, 5.20, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.



OPENS SATURDAY  
 ONE OF THE TEN BEST!  
 "THE WINDOW"

## NEXT CHANGE AT THE KING'S



MONTEZ-AUMONT-OKEEFE

## SIREN OF ATLANTIS

ARTHUR RIPLEY & SEYMOUR NEBERJAL



EXECUTORS and TRUSTEES for the COLONY and the FAR EAST

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANK LTD.  
 the Trustee Company of the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation  
 Hongkong

## CARNIVAL

By Dick Turner



"It makes an ideal anniversary present—when the lid is lifted, the powder box plays 'Who's Sorry Now!'"

# BARCLAY ON BRIDGE

By Shepard Barclay

AN UNRECKONED ASSET

NOT MANY good players are cognizant of one special advantage which comes sometimes from dealing a suit or suits that lack high cards, their honour strength being elsewhere in the hand. Every once in a while one of the opponents will double a contract in such a suit because he holds some honours of it at the left of the bidder. That ordinarily gives his cards maximum value, but they shrink away down to effectiveness when he finds that the declarer had a long trumps suit, with some nice honours of it opposite, where they weren't expected.

S 3  
 HA 10  
 D 10 8 5 4 2  
 C A J 10 9  
 S K Q 8 5  
 H K J  
 D K Q  
 C K Q 7  
 4-3

(Dealer: North. North-South vulnerable.)

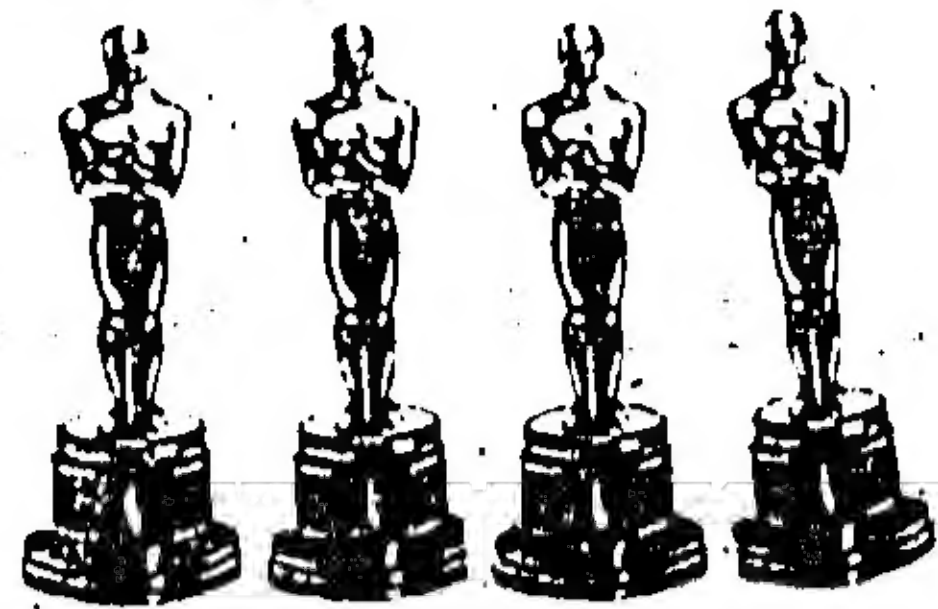
North East South West  
 1 D Pass 1 H 2 C  
 2 H Pass 3 H Pass  
 3 H Pass 4 H Pass  
 4 H Pass 5 H Pass  
 5 H Pass 6 H Pass  
 6 H Pass 7 H Pass  
 7 H Pass 8 H Pass  
 8 H Pass 9 H Pass  
 9 H Pass 10 H Pass  
 10 H Pass 11 H Pass  
 11 H Pass 12 H Pass  
 12 H Pass 13 H Pass  
 13 H Pass 14 H Pass  
 14 H Pass 15 H Pass  
 15 H Pass 16 H Pass  
 16 H Pass 17 H Pass  
 17 H Pass 18 H Pass  
 18 H Pass 19 H Pass  
 19 H Pass 20 H Pass  
 20 H Pass 21 H Pass  
 21 H Pass 22 H Pass  
 22 H Pass 23 H Pass  
 23 H Pass 24 H Pass  
 24 H Pass 25 H Pass  
 25 H Pass 26 H Pass  
 26 H Pass 27 H Pass  
 27 H Pass 28 H Pass  
 28 H Pass 29 H Pass  
 29 H Pass 30 H Pass  
 30 H Pass 31 H Pass  
 31 H Pass 32 H Pass  
 32 H Pass 33 H Pass  
 33 H Pass 34 H Pass  
 34 H Pass 35 H Pass  
 35 H Pass 36 H Pass  
 36 H Pass 37 H Pass  
 37 H Pass 38 H Pass  
 38 H Pass 39 H Pass  
 39 H Pass 40 H Pass  
 40 H Pass 41 H Pass  
 41 H Pass 42 H Pass  
 42 H Pass 43 H Pass  
 43 H Pass 44 H Pass  
 44 H Pass 45 H Pass  
 45 H Pass 46 H Pass  
 46 H Pass 47 H Pass  
 47 H Pass 48 H Pass  
 48 H Pass 49 H Pass  
 49 H Pass 50 H Pass  
 50 H Pass 51 H Pass  
 51 H Pass 52 H Pass  
 52 H Pass 53 H Pass  
 53 H Pass 54 H Pass  
 54 H Pass 55 H Pass  
 55 H Pass 56 H Pass  
 56 H Pass 57 H Pass  
 57 H Pass 58 H Pass  
 58 H Pass 59 H Pass  
 59 H Pass 60 H Pass  
 60 H Pass 61 H Pass  
 61 H Pass 62 H Pass  
 62 H Pass 63 H Pass  
 63 H Pass 64 H Pass  
 64 H Pass 65 H Pass  
 65 H Pass 66 H Pass  
 66 H Pass 67 H Pass  
 67 H Pass 68 H Pass  
 68 H Pass 69 H Pass  
 69 H Pass 70 H Pass  
 70 H Pass 71 H Pass  
 71 H Pass 72 H Pass  
 72 H Pass 73 H Pass  
 73 H Pass 74 H Pass  
 74 H Pass 75 H Pass  
 75 H Pass 76 H Pass  
 76 H Pass 77 H Pass  
 77 H Pass 78 H Pass  
 78 H Pass 79 H Pass  
 79 H Pass 80 H Pass  
 80 H Pass 81 H Pass  
 81 H Pass 82 H Pass  
 82 H Pass 83 H Pass  
 83 H Pass 84 H Pass  
 84 H Pass 85 H Pass  
 85 H Pass 86 H Pass  
 86 H Pass 87 H Pass  
 87 H Pass 88 H Pass  
 88 H Pass 89 H Pass  
 89 H Pass 90 H Pass  
 90 H Pass 91 H Pass  
 91 H Pass 92 H Pass  
 92 H Pass 93 H Pass  
 93 H Pass 94 H Pass  
 94 H Pass 95 H Pass  
 95 H Pass 96 H Pass  
 96 H Pass 97 H Pass  
 97 H Pass 98 H Pass  
 98 H Pass 99 H Pass  
 99 H Pass 100 H Pass  
 100 H Pass 101 H Pass  
 101 H Pass 102 H Pass  
 102 H Pass 103 H Pass  
 103 H Pass 104 H Pass  
 104 H Pass 105 H Pass  
 105 H Pass 106 H Pass  
 106 H Pass 107 H Pass  
 107 H Pass 108 H Pass  
 108 H Pass 109 H Pass  
 109 H Pass 110 H Pass  
 110 H Pass 111 H Pass  
 111 H Pass 112 H Pass  
 112 H Pass 113 H Pass  
 113 H Pass 114 H Pass  
 114 H Pass 115 H Pass  
 115 H Pass 116 H Pass  
 116 H Pass 117 H Pass  
 117 H Pass 118 H Pass  
 118 H Pass 119 H Pass  
 119 H Pass 120 H Pass  
 120 H Pass 121 H Pass  
 121 H Pass 122 H Pass  
 122 H Pass 123 H Pass  
 123 H Pass 124 H Pass  
 124 H Pass 125 H Pass  
 125 H Pass 126 H Pass  
 126 H Pass 127 H Pass  
 127 H Pass 128 H Pass  
 128 H Pass 129 H Pass  
 129 H Pass 130 H Pass  
 130 H Pass 131 H Pass  
 131 H Pass 132 H Pass  
 132 H Pass 133 H Pass  
 133 H Pass 134 H Pass  
 134 H Pass 135 H Pass  
 135 H Pass 136 H Pass  
 136 H Pass 137 H Pass  
 137 H Pass 138 H Pass  
 138 H Pass 139 H Pass  
 139 H Pass 140 H Pass  
 140 H Pass 141 H Pass  
 141 H Pass 142 H Pass  
 142 H Pass 143 H Pass  
 143 H Pass 144 H Pass  
 144 H Pass 145 H Pass  
 145 H Pass 146 H Pass  
 146 H Pass 147 H Pass  
 147 H Pass 148 H Pass  
 148 H Pass 149 H Pass  
 149 H Pass 150 H Pass  
 150 H Pass 151 H Pass  
 151 H Pass 152 H Pass  
 152 H Pass 153 H Pass  
 153 H Pass 154 H Pass  
 154 H Pass 155 H Pass  
 155 H Pass 156 H Pass  
 156 H Pass 157 H Pass  
 157 H Pass 158 H Pass  
 158 H Pass 159 H Pass  
 159 H Pass 160 H Pass  
 160 H Pass 161 H Pass  
 161 H Pass 162 H Pass  
 162 H Pass 163 H Pass  
 163 H Pass 164 H Pass  
 164 H Pass 165 H Pass  
 165 H Pass 166 H Pass  
 166 H Pass 167 H Pass  
 167 H Pass 168 H Pass  
 168 H Pass 169 H Pass  
 169 H Pass 170 H Pass  
 170 H Pass 171 H Pass  
 171 H Pass 172 H Pass  
 172 H Pass 173 H Pass  
 173 H Pass 174 H Pass  
 174 H Pass 175 H Pass  
 175 H Pass 176 H Pass  
 176 H Pass 177 H Pass  
 177 H Pass 178 H Pass  
 178 H Pass 179 H Pass  
 179 H Pass 180 H Pass  
 180 H Pass 181 H Pass  
 181 H Pass 182 H Pass  
 182 H Pass 183 H Pass  
 183 H Pass 184 H Pass  
 184 H Pass 185 H Pass  
 185 H Pass 186 H Pass  
 186 H Pass 187 H Pass  
 187 H Pass 188 H Pass  
 188 H Pass 189 H Pass  
 189 H Pass 190 H Pass  
 190 H Pass 191 H Pass  
 191 H Pass 192 H Pass  
 192 H Pass 193 H Pass  
 193 H Pass 194 H Pass  
 194 H Pass 195 H Pass  
 195 H Pass 196 H Pass  
 196 H Pass 197 H Pass  
 197 H Pass 198 H Pass  
 198 H Pass 199 H Pass  
 199 H Pass 200 H Pass  
 200 H Pass 201 H Pass  
 201 H Pass 202 H Pass  
 202 H Pass 203 H Pass  
 203 H Pass 204 H Pass  
 204 H Pass 205 H Pass  
 205 H Pass 206 H Pass  
 206 H Pass 207 H Pass  
 207 H Pass 208 H Pass  
 208 H Pass 209 H Pass  
 209 H Pass 210 H Pass  
 210 H Pass 211 H Pass  
 211 H Pass 212 H Pass  
 212 H Pass 213 H Pass  
 213 H Pass 214 H Pass  
 214 H Pass 215 H Pass  
 215 H Pass 216 H Pass  
 216 H Pass 217 H Pass  
 217 H Pass 218 H Pass  
 218 H Pass 219 H Pass  
 219 H Pass 220 H Pass  
 220 H Pass 221 H Pass  
 221 H Pass 222 H Pass  
 222 H Pass 223 H Pass  
 223 H Pass 224 H Pass  
 224 H Pass 225 H Pass  
 225 H Pass 226 H Pass  
 226 H Pass 227 H Pass  
 227 H Pass 228 H Pass  
 228 H Pass 229 H Pass  
 229 H Pass 230 H Pass  
 230 H Pass 231 H Pass  
 231 H Pass 232 H Pass  
 232 H Pass 233 H Pass  
 233 H Pass 234 H Pass  
 234 H Pass 235 H Pass  
 235 H Pass 236 H Pass  
 236 H Pass 237 H Pass  
 237 H Pass 238 H Pass  
 238 H Pass 239 H Pass  
 239 H Pass 240 H Pass  
 240 H Pass 241 H Pass  
 241 H Pass 242 H Pass  
 242 H Pass 243 H Pass  
 243 H Pass 244 H Pass  
 244 H Pass 245 H Pass  
 245 H Pass 246 H Pass  
 246 H Pass 247 H Pass  
 247 H Pass 248 H Pass  
 248 H Pass 249 H Pass  
 249 H Pass 250 H Pass  
 250 H Pass 251 H Pass  
 251 H Pass 252 H Pass  
 252 H Pass 253 H Pass  
 253 H Pass 254 H Pass  
 254 H Pass 255 H Pass  
 255 H Pass 256 H Pass  
 256 H Pass 257 H Pass  
 257 H Pass 258 H Pass  
 258 H Pass 259 H Pass  
 259 H Pass 260 H Pass  
 260 H Pass 261 H Pass  
 261 H Pass 262 H Pass  
 262 H Pass 263 H Pass  
 263 H Pass 264 H Pass  
 264 H Pass 265 H Pass  
 265 H Pass 266 H Pass  
 266 H Pass 267 H Pass  
 267 H Pass 268 H Pass  
 268 H Pass 269 H Pass  
 269 H Pass 270 H Pass  
 270 H Pass 271 H Pass  
 271 H Pass 272 H Pass  
 272 H Pass 273 H Pass  
 273 H Pass 274 H Pass  
 274 H Pass 275 H Pass  
 275 H Pass 276 H Pass  
 276 H Pass 277 H Pass  
 277 H Pass 278 H Pass  
 278 H Pass 279 H Pass  
 279 H Pass 280 H Pass  
 280 H Pass 281 H Pass  
 281 H Pass 282 H Pass  
 282 H Pass 283 H Pass  
 283 H Pass 284 H Pass  
 284 H Pass 285 H Pass  
 285 H Pass 286 H Pass  
 286 H Pass 287 H Pass  
 287 H Pass 288 H Pass  
 288 H Pass 289 H Pass  
 289 H Pass 290 H Pass  
 290 H Pass 291 H Pass  
 291 H Pass 292 H Pass  
 292 H Pass 293 H Pass  
 293 H Pass 294 H Pass  
 294 H Pass 295 H Pass  
 295 H Pass 296 H Pass  
 296 H Pass 297 H Pass  
 297 H Pass 298 H Pass  
 298 H Pass 299 H Pass  
 299 H Pass 300 H Pass  
 300 H Pass 301 H Pass  
 301 H Pass 302 H Pass  
 302 H Pass 303 H Pass  
 303 H Pass 304 H Pass  
 304 H Pass 305 H Pass  
 305 H Pass 306 H Pass  
 306 H Pass 307 H Pass  
 307 H Pass 308 H Pass  
 308 H Pass 309 H Pass  
 309 H Pass 310 H Pass  
 310 H Pass 311 H Pass  
 311 H Pass 312 H Pass  
 312 H Pass 313 H Pass  
 313 H Pass 314 H Pass  
 314 H Pass 315 H Pass  
 315 H Pass 316 H Pass  
 316 H Pass 317 H Pass  
 317 H Pass 318 H Pass  
 318 H Pass 319 H Pass  
 319 H Pass 320 H Pass  
 320 H Pass 321 H Pass  
 321 H Pass 322 H Pass  
 322 H Pass 323 H Pass  
 323 H Pass 324 H Pass  
 324 H Pass 325 H Pass  
 325 H Pass 326 H Pass  
 326 H Pass 327 H Pass  
 327 H Pass 328 H Pass  
 328 H Pass 329 H Pass  
 329 H Pass 330 H Pass  
 330 H Pass 331 H Pass  
 331 H Pass 332 H Pass  
 332 H Pass 333 H Pass  
 333 H Pass 334 H Pass  
 334 H Pass 335 H Pass  
 335 H Pass 336 H Pass  
 336 H Pass 337 H Pass  
 337 H Pass 338 H Pass  
 338 H Pass 339 H Pass  
 339 H Pass 340 H Pass  
 340 H Pass 341 H Pass  
 341 H Pass 342 H Pass  
 342 H Pass 343 H Pass  
 343 H Pass 344 H Pass  
 344 H Pass 345 H Pass  
 345 H Pass 346 H Pass  
 346 H Pass 347 H Pass  
 347 H Pass 348 H Pass  
 348 H Pass 349 H Pass  
 349 H Pass 350 H Pass  
 350 H Pass 351



# LIBERTY

Air-Conditioned

— COMMENCING TODAY —  
At 2.30, 5.30, 7.30, & 9.30 P.M.



4 OSCARS WINNER

THRILLING!  
AMAZING!



FOR THE ENTIRE FAMILY!  
PLEASE BOOK EARLY!!

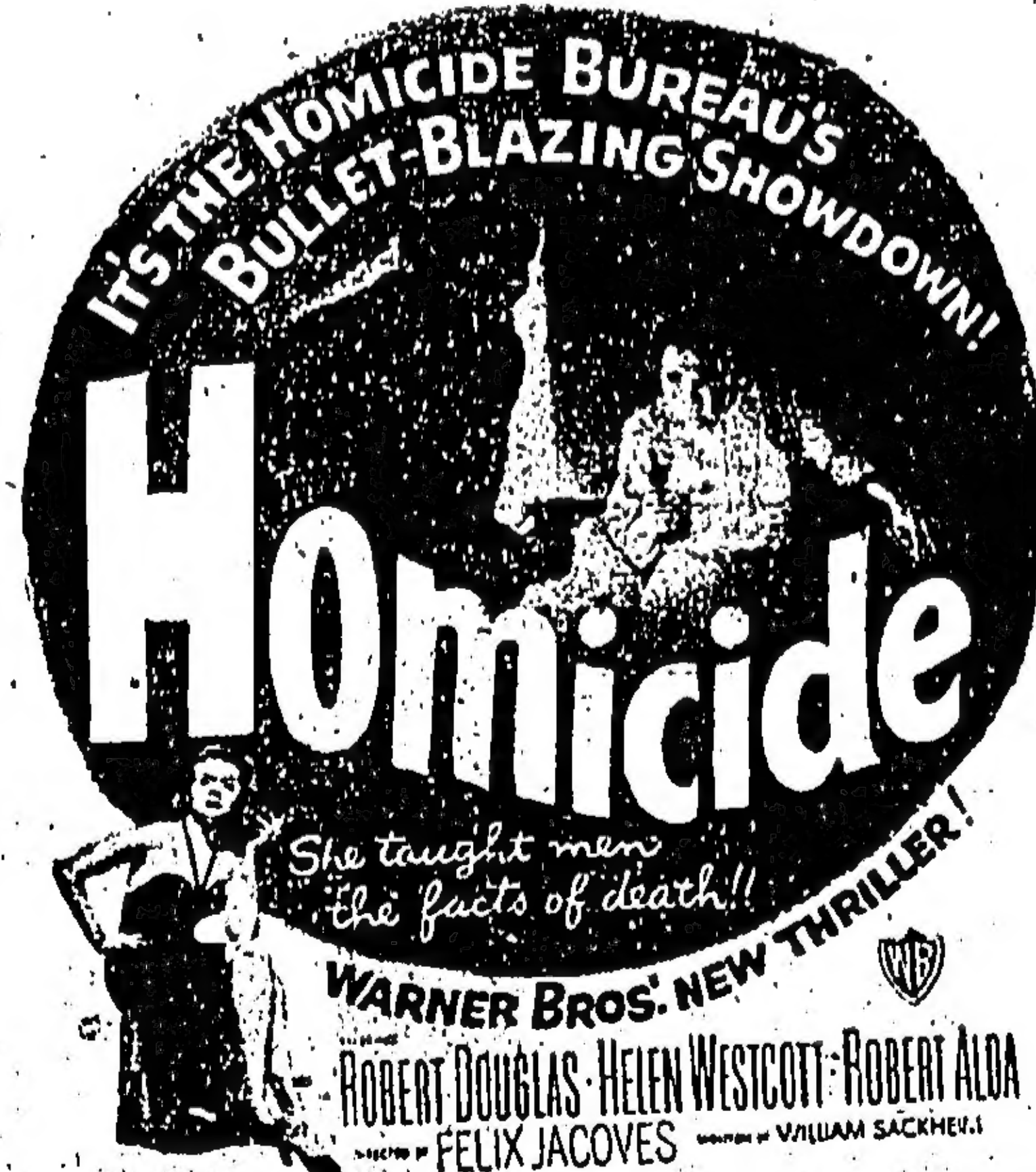
TODAY SPECIAL MORNING SHOW  
At 12.30 P.M. At Reduced Prices!  
MARVELLOUS TECHNICOLOR CARTOONS

## LEE Theatre

AIR COOLED, DEHUMIDIFIED, OZONIZED AND PURIFIED

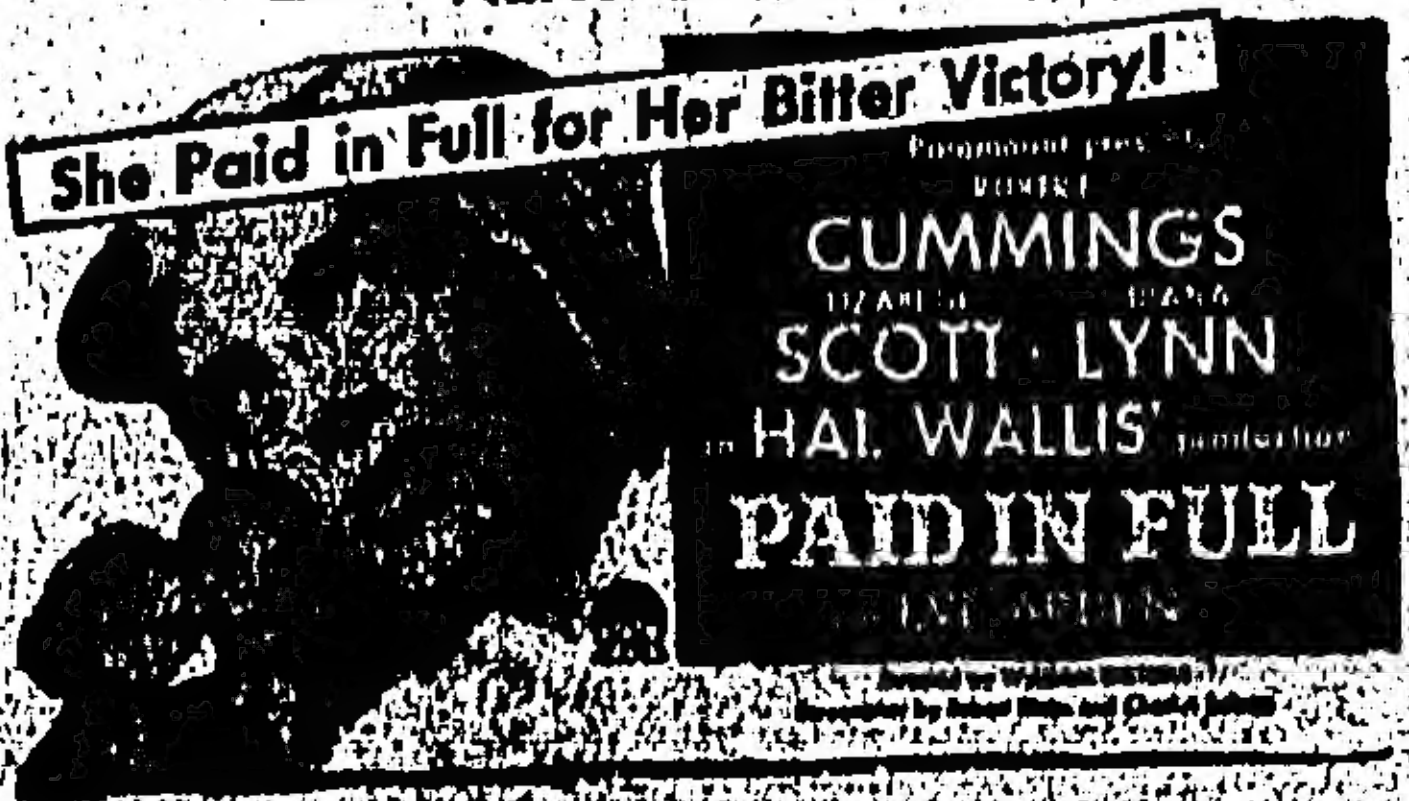
TAKE ANY EASTBOUND TRAM OR ROUTE NO. 5 BUS

SHOWING TODAY  
DAILY AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.



ALSO LATEST PARAMOUNT AND GAUMONT-BRITISH  
NEWSPREELS:—  
Canadian Jet Visits U.S.A.— Highlights of the Truman  
Tour — Winnipeg Exodus — Big Three Ministers Meet  
— Bing Crosby in Amateur Golf Journey — Russian  
Trawlers in the Channel.

NEXT CHANGE



## Correspondent revisits Norman landing beaches

(By Doon Campbell, Reuters Correspondent, who landed on the beaches with the Allied Commandos on June 6, 1944, and has just re-visited them.)

The Beaches, Normandy, June 7.  
A goat tethered to a post has the ditch—a shallow ditch about 200 yards from the shingly beach—all to itself now. Six years ago today men dodged death and fought for life in that ditch. They clawed at the soggy soil for depth that withering hail of German mortars and shells.

## ANTI-RED BILL IN CAPETOWN

Capetown, June 6.  
The South African Government's new Anti-Communist Bill, presented in place of another which the Opposition had criticised as giving the Government "tyrannous control over political activity," specifically outlaws the Communist Party of South Africa.

The new measure was given a first reading in the House of Assembly yesterday and its terms were published today.

Under the new measure, organisations promoting Communist activities could be declared unlawful and certain periodicals or other publications could be prohibited.

It increases the maximum penalty for certain offences to 10 years, compared with five years in the original Bill.

Communism, for the purpose of the Bill, also includes any doctrine or scheme which aims at the encouragement of feelings of hostility between European and non-European races of the Union. The Governor-General is enabled to declare any organisation which professes or has, on or after May 5, 1950, and before the commencement of the Act, professed by its name or otherwise to be an organisation for propagating the principles or promoting the spread of Communism.

An organisation may be declared unlawful if the Governor-General is satisfied that its purpose or one of its purposes is to propagate the principles of or promote the spread of Communism, or the further achievement of any of the objects of Communism.—Reuter.

Earth spurted in with every explosion and water seeped through their clothes; but the wounded, first victims of the Allied invasion of Europe, thanked God for that damp, dirty ditch.

Most of the men, lugging heavy packs and collapsible bicycles scrambled on over the ditch. A few moments earlier these Commandos in green berets, their faces smeared with camouflage grease, tumbled off ramps dropped from invasion craft on to the coast of Normandy.

They tried to bolt up the beach but the weight slowed them. They edged along a garden wall, crossed the road and the ditch and the enemy-ridden woods beyond swallowed them up.

The casualties stayed in the ditch watching the war-winning guns and tanks, first a trickle then a flood, pour ashore.

They would hardly recognise their ditch now. It looks deeper and safer than ever it did then and grass covers all the scars.

### Clean again

And the beach, that bloody beach, mined and raked by coastal batteries, is quiet and clean and bare again.

The only noise now comes from the gentle waves and the hummers knocking back a roof ripped off on D-day.

The barbed wire, slashed before dawn on June 6, 1944, is rusty.

An old boot belonged to some soldier.

A man got off his cycle to offer a pamphlet.

"A free souvenir," he said.

It told the story of the Second Front landing on Sword Beach.

The wreckage of ships that never reached the beach still sticks out above the surface of the Channel a grim and weird reminder of it all.

The other beaches—Juno, Gold and Omaha—are much the same.

Pill-boxes are still there

A board advertises bathing suits and fishing tackle near Omaha, one of the deadliest beaches, where American assault troops fought all day and took about 50 per cent losses to gain a toe-hold.

The only boards six years ago had a skull and cross-bones and said "mines" in German.

The squat pill-boxes with sloping, useless guns trained on the beaches are still there, ugly as ever.

One has a lot of initials—and a few hearts—scratched on its rough concrete surface.

Two navvies battered straight the steel wire facing these relics of the Atlantic Wall.

There are many memorials in brick, stone and granite rising from the little flower gardens.

Some are to "the glory of the soldiers" or to "remind future generations of the, sublime heroes."

Many of the streets, shops, hotels and cafes have new names like "The sacred road of the Liberator," Hotel "Happy Land," and "Rue Marshal Montgomery."

Georges Gondree, "first Frenchman to be liberated," has changed the name of his place from "Station Cafe" to "Pegasus Bridge Cafe."

He gives guests cards with the Airborne crest and the words in Airborne maroon: "10 yards from the first bridge to be captured by the 6th Airborne Division on the night of June 5/6."

Gondree remembers Commando Leader Lord Leval making the vital link-up with the Airborne on that bridge to the accompaniment of bagpipes.

Like most hotel-keepers in this area, Gondree has a "season." It begins a few days before June 6.

His big regret is that he has only two rooms to accommodate the scores of people who come

year after year, either to see the bridge again or to say a prayer at one of the many nearby military cemeteries.

"I have so many English friends," he said. "They write to me and come here and go to the kitchen and make their own tea—just like home."

Major John Howard, of Oxford, has written in Gondree's visitor's book: "Our success signal—Juno Beach, June 6, 1944, 1945, 1947, 1949 and many more I hope."

Orderly rows of white crosses, each with a name and a rank, mark the cemeteries.

Local people honour the dead with fresh flowers.

Some people come back every year carrying the crosses of unidentified soldiers will bear a name—the name of a father, husband, brother or son.

### Caen rebuilding

In Caen, battered and broken but freed more than a month after the landing, a man knelt in the shell of the Church of St. Pierre and a band banged out a samba in a night-club.

Great new housing schemes, models of architectural simplicity and practical efficiency, are replacing bomb-battered ruins.

Bit-progs still hold up some houses and one large store can only do business on the first two floors because the top two are gutted. At least one Bailey bridge still spans the canal. But the drabness has gone and the temporary wooden shacks are vanishing from this town which is rising again.

Churches—in Caen as throughout Normandy—still bear the most naked scars of war.

So many churches had their towers and turrets shot off because so often snipers took up position in them and could be silenced only by blowing them down.

Lack of money slows up the patching and repairing of these holy places.

Marshall Aid has helped Le Havre, one of the most devastated cities of France, to make a spectacular come-back from a "down and out" port to the second in the country.

Six years ago Le Havre had lost 12,500 buildings; 80 per cent of 14 miles of quays; six-sevenths of storage installations; seven dry docks; and 90,000 inhabitants.

Before leaving the Germans blasted everything in the port not already shattered by more than 120 air raids.

Three hundred wrecks showed above the harbour waters.

### Modern port

Today, Le Havre is 80 per cent reconstructed and the population has climbed back to 125,000 compared with the pre-war 165,000. It is fast shaping into one of the most modern and best equipped ports in the world.

Marshall Plan millions to Normandy include such allocations as: 90,000,000 francs for hospital at Sotteville, outside Rouen; 30,600,000 francs for school at Caen; 20,003,175 francs for school at Coutances; 17,750,000 francs for hospital at Villers-Bocage; and 8,250,000 francs for school at St. Lo.

Small town rehabilitation efforts are no less impressive than the big projects.

Near by, a pile of rubble is a gleaming new town—Villors Bocage.

Argences, which had not a window for more than two years, has new red-tiled roofs now.

However long and painful the process, Normandy is perceptibly getting back to peace.

The hedges along which men crawled for cover are thick again and the apple-trees, stunted by shells, are bearing fruit.

Rubber-wheeled tractors move along good roads once pot-holed by steel-tracked tanks, and cows are grazing again on the rich pasture without fear of going up on mines.—Reuter.

## THREAT TO RUBBER SUPPLIES

Washington, June 7.

A warning that Russia was threatening the United States' natural rubber supplies marked the start of the Senate hearings today on the future of the Government's synthetic rubber industry.

Senator Lyndon Johnson (Democrat, Texas), Chairman of a Senate Armed Services Sub-Committee, said that not since Pearl Harbour had the free world's supply of natural rubber been in such great and visible peril.

He said that Communist control or Communist seizure of South East Asia, the source of 98 per cent of the world's natural rubber supply, is not impossible, and must be reckoned with in policy decisions about synthetic rubber.

"Rubber could be our first casualty in the cold war," Senator Johnson said.

The United States is increasing the output of its synthetic rubber industry because of waning supplies and soaring prices of South East Asia's natural rubber.

Plants now in operation could step up production perhaps 20 per cent or more to a rate well over 500,000 tons a year, officials of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation estimated.

There were no plans and, necessarily, a spokesman said, to bring into production the United States Government's "moth-balled" plants which stood idle for any future war emergency.

The demands on the RFC-operated industry from American rubber companies had mounted by the month as prices for natural rubber increased.

The June output of synthetic rubber would be 30,000 tons and the July production 24,000 tons, not counting private production.

"We expect to go higher than that," the spokesman said.

The Finance Corporation estimated that United States consumption of synthetic rubber would reach 480,000 long tons this year at the present rate of demand.

Of this, 64,000 tons would be turned out by private companies, the rest by Government plants.—Reuter.

## 38 children in 38 years

Atwood, Oklahoma, June 7.

Thirty-eight children in 38 years—that is the motherhood record claimed by Mrs. George Berry, an Oklahoma farm wife.

Like the woman in the nursery rhyme who had so many children she didn't know what to do, Mrs. Berry, who is 66, has had so many she has a hard time keeping count of them.

She lives half a mile West of here and says that from 1902 to 1939 she gave birth to the following: one set of quintuplets, one set of quadruplets, three sets of triplets, five sets of twins and 10 children born singly. All 38—23 boys and 15 girls—were by her first husband, John Womack, who died in 1939. The children were born in or near Dallas, Texas. Only 11 are still living. Many died at birth or in early childhood.

There are few records to support her claim. However, the Kiwanis Club of Dallas awarded her with a gold medal in 1940 as the most prolific mother in that city. The Club checked with neighbours and credited her with 37 children, most of them born in the family home. She has since recalled an additional son, Floyd, born in 1938.—United Press.

## FOREIGN OFFICE DENIAL

London, June 6.

A Foreign Office spokesman today denied news agency reports (not Reuter) that the Prime Minister, Mr. Clement Attlee, had assumed charge of the Foreign Office.

He said that the Minister of State, Mr. Kenneth Younger, is in charge of the Foreign Office during Mr. Ernest Bevin's illness.—Reuter.

## KING'S

AIR-CONDITIONED

SHOWING TODAY At 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.



SHOWING TODAY At 2.30, 5.15, 7.20, & 9.30 P.M.

## QUEEN'S

AIR-CONDITIONED

RETURN ENGAGEMENT



NEXT CHANGE! "MADAME BOVARY" Jennifer Jones • Van Heflin

## ROXY

AIR-CONDITIONED

COMMENCING TODAY AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

AUTHENTIC SCENES OF POST-WAR TOKYO!



BOGART RIPS TOKYO UNDERWORLD APART!

## STAR

Phone 58335

17, Hankow Road, Kowloon.

June — 8th.

— Please Note —

Change of Showing Times

1.45, 4.25, 7.10 & 9.45 P.M.

THE BEST PICTURE OF THE YEAR! INTERNATIONAL PRIZE WINNER

Laurence Olivier

HAMLET

William Shakespeare

Winner of 5 Academy Awards

June — 9th. & 10th.

Clark Gable • Walter Pidgeon

Van Johnson • Brian Donlevy

in

'COMMAND DECISION'

5 SHOWS

TODAY

## Cathay

At 12.30, 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.



NEXT CHANGE—FIRST SHOWING IN H.K. PEARL HARBOUR WILL BE AVENGED! "REMEMBER PEARL HARBOUR"

## ORIENTAL

AIR-CONDITIONED

TAKE ANY EASTERN TRAM CAR OR HAPPY VALLEY BUS  
SHOWING TODAY at 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 p.m.



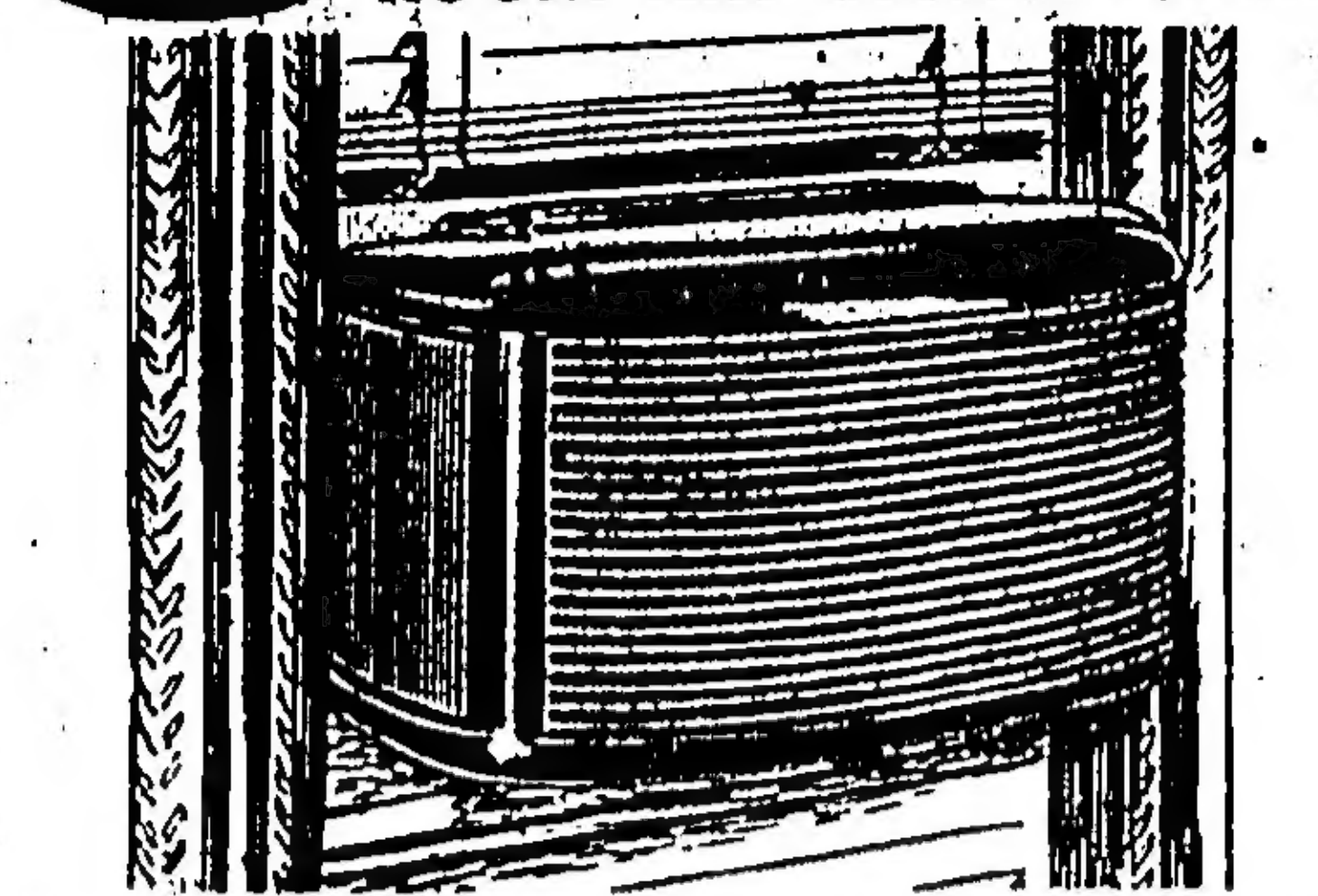
UNDER CAPRICORN



## don't get STUCK on STICKY days!

Treat yourself to this new

**CARRIER ROOM AIR CONDITIONER**



This Carrier Room Air Conditioner keeps you cool and comfortable on the hottest, stickiest days. Filters, circulates and cools the air—lowers de-humidifying—provides healthful, year-round ventilation.

It's easy to install, economical to maintain. Fits in the window, insulated for quiet operation. Don't wait until the heat wave hits. You can get immediate delivery right now!

**CARRIER INTERNATIONAL LTD**

St. George's Bldg.

Telephones: 38218 (Sales) 24502 (Service)

**The two best**  
*Automatic timekeepers*

**ETERNA**

Sole Agents: ED. A. KELLER & CO., LTD.

By Appointment Wine Merchants

to His Majesty

King George VI

**'LIGHT DRY'  
SHERRY**

**'DRY DON'  
SHERRY**



**SANDEMAN**

Sole Agents: DODWELL & CO., LTD.

**TAI HANG JEWELLERY**  
Wholesalers of CUT DIAMONDS

Sole Agents For

Liberty Diamond Cutting Works (Pty) Ltd.

At: Johannesburg, South Africa.  
7th Floor, Room 707, Bank of East Asia Bldg.

## CHINA MAIL

12, Des Voeux Road, Central  
HONG KONG.

Editor in Chief: ...  
Reporters & General Office: ...  
(four lines)

Subscription Rates:  
1 month: HK\$10.00  
3 months: HK\$28.00  
6 months: HK\$52.00  
One Year: HK\$92.00

All news contributions to be  
addressed to Editor-in-Chief.  
Advertisements and Business  
communications should be ad-  
dressed to the Company CHINA  
MAIL LTD.

## POWER THROUGH DIFFUSION

The episode of Mr. Bevin and Buddha's Tooth, as improved upon with the exquisite taste one always expects from the Kremlin Press, is not without a certain sardonic humour. I believe, for once in a long while, provided a laugh for its readers but is now in trouble with the devout in Ceylon. The Moscow paper published a cartoon showing Mr. Bevin kneeling before the sacred relic and calling on Buddha to give teeth to the British lion, lying with a bandaged head by his side.

The figure of the mangy and sore-distressed British lion has been a familiar one in innumerable cartoons in all sorts of ill weather through all Britain's stormy years. Between every war it is the custom of those who believe her days are numbered to revert with glee to this symbol; and so far the mangy lion has always come to life with almost ageless vigour. There is a common feeling nowadays among quite a few people even in China, that as a world Power Britain is through. We do not propose to wave the flag or do any of those things which are faintly frowned upon as being not done in the best circles. But we do suggest that a lot of people who read the world situation in this way are reading it wrongly.

It is our belief that Britain and the cause she serves were never greater; the strength and devotion of her own kin and offspring never surer, and the nature and need of her mission in history never clearer. Her power has been diffused with her responsibilities—but at need it can be concentrated. For a century and a half, Britain and the greatest of the nations that ever sprang from her could always be regarded as sworn friends in all that mattered—but not as allies in war unless direct provocation forced a decision. As for Western Europe, it was a source less of support than of danger.

These things have changed radically. They have changed less by British than by American and European initiative. The Atlantic community may be moving too fast or too slow, but in essentials it is solid as any of the older groups or empires which have played their part in history. It may be true that the forces potentially arrayed against them are formidable, but it is doubtful whether they are more formidable, relatively, than the whole machine which was thrown against Western Europe in 1940, when the United States had no part in the struggle. But it is of Asia that one naturally thinks most, out here. Since the war a tremendous transformation has been seen. At the height of her power, Britain withered, lost, stock and barrel from the Indian subcontinent, from Burma, and Ceylon. It is easy enough for the short-sighted and the malevolent to regard this as a monumental sign of weakness and decay. And well it would be if the transformation to which it gave rise gave no hope of ultimate reintegration on a sounder basis.

## CENTRALISATION

A the general election, Scotch nationalism and Welsh nationalism failed as completely as Communism. But it would be wrong to think that there is nothing behind these movements; and that they can be disregarded. They spring from real grievances of the Scotch and, to a less extent, Welsh people, and unless something is done to remedy them, the movements may in time take an ugly turn.

Scotch and Welsh nationalism are in part romantic movements, based on the desire to revive past historic glories. But this is the least important of their causes. If the movements had no greater impetus than this, they could be neglected. Their power lies in the fact that they are a genuine and necessary protest at the draining away from them to London of the vital life of Scotland and Wales.

The Scotch and Welsh are not the only people in the British Isles who have suffered from this. The Northern industrial areas, so important to England economically, have a similar cause of complaint. But less has been heard about this, because it is hard to give it political expression. A home-ruling movement for Lancashire or Yorkshire would look absurd on the face of it.

### Peculiar

The present social and economic organisation of the British Isles is very peculiar. Only its familiarity has prevented it from being more often commented on. Nearly all fifth of the people of the United Kingdom are huddled together in London. In London are all the important ministries, the bank offices, the head offices of most of the great commercial firms and many of the industrial firms.

It is the seat of a University which has in some respects—though certainly not in all—already superseded Oxford and Cambridge. The legal profession is based on London. The "national" newspapers are published in London.

As a result, London draws towards itself, out of the provinces, nearly all the energetic, ambitious and talented men of British society. They work in London, if they are to be in the forefront of the country, they do not thereby align themselves with the country against London. All their active interests remain centred in London. Only in old age and retirement do many of them live permanently outside London—and then they have ceased to count.

The other side of the picture is the stagnation of the provinces. One who has led the agitation there actually have been. But what ought to be understood, and too often isn't, is that a new Commonwealth is being created, which may well prove stronger and more durable than all that went before. Responsibility, and initiative are now shared over more than half the world. Controversies that used to rend Westminster generation after generation now only fitfully trouble the Mother of Parliaments.

There is always the experience and the sage statecraft of Britain in the background, available when sought—but no longer imposed. Indeed the pressure now comes from without, no longer from within—from Washington and Canberra rather than from Whitehall. A week or so ago, in the course of a speech summing up the debate on China and South East Asia, the Minister of State, Mr. Kenneth Younger, laid stress on the principle that henceforward initiatives in Asia must come mainly from the Asian countries themselves. Britain had made a greater contribution than anybody else to avert a schism between Asia and the West, and he one else, he said, was well placed to prevent the two worlds from splitting apart.

For decentralisation said very rightly: "Town history," outside London, is interesting only until we come to the eighteenth century. Then it is banal. Take up the history of one of the more significant British cities and see whether this is not true. When you come to the last few generations it becomes more substantial of material growth; at the best, the town becomes specialised in

some important way, but ceases to be a complete organism. All its institutions are second-hand because its best people have gone away.

### By "Windrush"

#### London too large

The loss to the provinces is not over-gain for London. For London is much too large. It is not a city with a corporate life. It is an accumulation of people without a real civic life. The middle class live in dormitory suburbs, and are taken to their work in the centre by buses and trains. The time which they should give to civic life they spend strap-hanging.

How can this impoverishment of life be remedied, and how can local life, outside London, be given once more the vitality and richness which it needs? Nearly everybody agrees that the answer is being kept as a permanent feature. That is, the Whitehall ministries are maintaining officers in the key towns which have been designated regional centres.

The experience with this reform has so far been disappointing. If some Whitehall offices are to be dispersed, a part of their staff over the country, all the important decisions are still made

in London. This is really bound to happen. A country as small as England can have only one major administrative centre. If there is not to be great inconvenience and inefficiency, the new system is turning out a farce. Whitehall ministries despatch to the regional centres, third and fourth rate officers. These have little influence on the life of their new homes.

### Redistribution

Something is being done by the planned redistribution of industry. But though the factories may be moved to the provinces, the headquarters often remain in London. The provincial universities are growing rapidly, and in theory are supposed to radiate activity and new ideas. But in fact their influence is not always easy to trace.

In Scotland, and perhaps in Wales, a real solution might be found by the creation of Scotch and Welsh parliaments. National life is still vital enough in these countries to ensure that national parliaments would act as a focus for local talent.

A city like Edinburgh, reeking with history, could quickly be revivified as a national capital. But clearly there could not be separate parliaments in Manchester, Leeds, Birmingham, or the other great provincial centres in England. How can their vitality be restored?

It is possible that time may bring its own solution. For the new ways of life brought about by invention are slowly making the whole problem out of date. In a small country, tied together by telephone, newspapers, television, and fast road transport, the distinction between town and country, London and provinces, will gradually tend to disappear.

In the future, London and the country will fuse together. Perhaps it may be said more truly that nearly all the British Isles will become, at least culturally, an extension of London.

In that case, the problem of decentralisation will no longer be acute. For whether a man is living in London, Leeds, Leicester, or Lancashire, he will be equally at the centre. The Londoner, as a peculiar privileged being, will have ceased to exist.

## Birds are a menace to pilots

By Mathieson Darwin

I had the opportunity of examining a most peculiar mechanism on the tarmac of the Royal Aeronautical Establishment at Farnborough in Hampshire. It was a rocket-propelled aeroplane fuselage on rails used to test the effect of a dead duck on the windshield of a jet plane.

Both the RAF and the Ministry of Civil Aviation are alarmed at the number of accidents caused by birds colliding with planes. In the U.S. airlines pilots are reporting collisions at the rate of two per week.

Even a sparrow can knock a hole right through the fuselage of a modern jet engine. So the Farnborough people are carrying out tests to find out the penetrating power of various birds.

Only, of course, they don't call them birds. The researchers regard them as liquid objects in aerodynamic tests. They are sparrows, starlings, sparrows, and even turkeys (to simulate the effect of a swan), are suspended on wires in front of a rapidly moving dummy plane and allowed to crash into the windshield.

They have to use some big birds because the airlines which traverse the tropics often pass over a country with a native fauna which includes condors, eagles, and vultures.

It has been found that a "windshield" made of laminated glass with extended plastic edges and other strengthening devices, having a total thickness of three-quarters of an inch, would resist the impact of a four-pound carcass projected at 300 miles per hour.

Specifications

The British Air Registration Board specifies that windshields shall be of "sufficient strength to withstand the impact of a four-pound bird when the aeroplane is flying at the speed appropriate to climb immediately after take-off."

No wonder the leader of a squadron of Mustang fighters should have been killed by the "bird" which struck his plane. "Duck, brother, duck!" when the plane encountered a flock of fast-moving birds. A number of RAF station commanders have asked for volunteers to take up the job of shooting birds in the air, to keep birds away from the landing grounds.

George Bibesco when he passed over Allahabad. One bird smashed into the engine while the plane, diving from 10,000 feet, went through the wing like a stone, ripping a great hole. The plane crashed.

In the First World War the French thought of the idea of using eagles to attack dirigibles and planes and went as far as attempting to train the birds to dive at pieces of meat suspended on captive balloons.

Do Lablanciere says that when he was flying in Scotland two big predatory birds (presumably eagles) made deliberate attempts to drive him away. Had he not changed course they would have struck his machine.

### Damage by sparrow

Little birds do almost as much damage. A sparrow hit the windshield of a big U.S. Army observation plane, crashing through it and causing the pilot to make an emergency landing on a highway. Another small bird crashed into the bulkhead, travelled the length of the cabin, penetrated the rear wall and ended up in the baggage compartment.

A duck smashed a hole through a reinforced section of a Spitfire wing which would have resisted almost anything less powerful than a heavy blow from a hammer and chisel. Swans have smashed propellers and dented engine cowlings. Geese have done more damage than an AA shell.

When the RAF concentrated on low-level attacks against German transport in the last stages of the war they found that one of their worst dangers came from the flocks of birds they encountered. The Britishers' raiders ran into flocks of lapwings, swallows, geese and even thrushes.

One of the pilots came back with part of a goose on the trailing edge of his plane; another shocked his ground crew by vomiting out of the cockpit covered in blood. It was from a sluggish rook.

### No warning

Unfortunately, the birds do not like to increase rather than diminish with time. Modern planes are flying faster and faster. Birds are often encountered up to 12,000 feet and, however slow they may be flying, the danger comes from the speed of the plane.

The old-fashioned aeroplane with its propellers, which is now being replaced by the jet engine, is a much safer machine. The pilot is aware of the danger before he is hit. The jet engine, however, is not so forgiving. It is a much more delicate machine. The pilot is not aware of the danger until it is too late. The jet engine is a much more delicate machine. The pilot is not aware of the danger until it is too late.

## VIP'S ARE ON THE MARCH

By Ward Price

Over South East Asia a migratory and predatory swarm is spreading—not of locusts but of international investigators.

They belong to the vast army of officials of the super-State whose capital is Lake Success. Since the United Nations have so far been able to evolve no agreed policy for the Far East, a substitute activity is the dispatch of teams of observers whose brief sojourns in the countries concerned are expected to provide material for ultimate action.

### Cryptic initials

Their badges of office are rows of cryptic initials. From one of the Bangkok newspapers I take the following characteristic sentence: "Headed by the Special Adviser to the Assistant Secretary-General in charge of UN Economic Affairs, the Joint Technical Assistance Exploratory Mission to the United States of Indonesia left Bangkok for Djakarta."

The Joint Mission is composed of the representatives of UN, ECAFE, FAO, UNESCO, and WHO.

You will find similar groups of anonymous UN "functionaries" in almost every city of the Far East. They travel on diplomatic passports, exempt from Customs and Consular control. They are transport companies reaping rich profit in flying them from place to place.

This new privileged class of cosmopolitan bureaucrats is everywhere rated as of the VIP category.

They pass ahead of ordinary fare-paying passengers, get into gleaming motor-cars instead of the airline omnibus, and are whisked off to the best hotel accommodation the city can provide.

Their reservations take precedence of other guests, who may be turned out of their rooms to provide quarters for them.

### Insisting on best

They insist upon the best as all expenses are paid by the United Nations budget, which, being provided by the subscriptions of the various member-states, means that the taxpayer contributes among the rest.

Such amenities are shared not only by the delegates themselves but by the staff of translators, secretaries and typists who accompany them.

It is the good fortune of this new international Civil Service to be paid in American dollars; to be exempt from all income-tax; and to benefit from substantial "travel" allowances.

As world-roving communists they escape the crushing financial burdens that all modern States impose upon their citizens.

The purpose of their labour is not action but inquiry. They may recommend but do not have to execute. That is left to one of the range of higher bodies to which they report.

### Adding more

They themselves tend to throw off sub-committees, creating the suggestion of supplementary personnel, which often continues in existence to the benefit of their well-paid members, while the subject of their activities slowly makes its way, by one report stage after another, to the central files of UN.

In South East Asia I have come across several instances of enterprising young married women who enjoy a bigger income than their husbands as a result of getting themselves engaged in a minor capacity by some department of UN, whose

alphabetical title they had never previously heard.

But it is not everybody who welcomes the appearance of such bodies in their locality. Diplomats on the spot where such investigations are started find their work considerably increased by the necessity of reporting what is going on to their Governments.

Business men are appalled by Chambers of Commerce or Federations of Industry to "sit in" on these international probes. "We want to know what these fellows are up to," so that we shall not be taken by surprise in their request.

### Local experts

So heads of big British concerns in the Far East often find themselves called on to neglect their own affairs while listening to theoretical speeches by members of the various nationalities represented on a UN commission. "If they would only leave us alone," said a foreign banker to me in Bangkok. "Our financial system in Siam may be eccentric, but it works well."

"Yet it is the despair of the professors and 'experts' sent out by the World Bank, the International Monetary Fund, and ECAFE (which is the Economic Council for Asia and the Far East)."

"They cannot understand why we have three rates of exchange: a government rate for international deals and Customs charges, and two other rates for various categories of commercial transactions."

There would seem to be two classes of Western influence in the Far East—the experienced traders, importers, bankers and others who keep international trade going, and the vicarious systems which they have worked out in their own studies before becoming "advisers" to UN.

"Can you see any good in what they are doing?" I asked one of the former class.

"Well they are collecting a lot of statistics that were not available before," was the answer, "but they have no practical influence in the form of action."

When these roving commissions have tabulated all the figures, registered all the facts and listened to all the views of their mixed and many-tongued members, the problem of the Communist menace to South East Asia will remain as good as ever unless action is taken soon.



"I had such a smashing little black market in petrol coupons."

**Taikoo sugar is  
back in  
the shops**



and back on  
my table—too!

**TAIKOO SUGAR**

General Agents: BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE



# TRYGVE LIE LAUNCHES 20-YEAR PROGRAMME FOR WORLD PEACE

Oslo, June 6.

Mr. Trygve Lie, Secretary-General of the United Nations, today launched what he called a 20-year programme for peace, in a memorandum to all United Nations members.

The essential points of this comprehensive document covered all issues on which the United Nations has been deadlocked for the last two years. Mr. Lie, in issuing this programme, stated that from his conversations with the Governments of America, Britain, France and the Soviet Union he had drawn a firm conviction that the United Nations remained a primary factor in the foreign policy of each of these Governments.

## U.S. AID FOR ASIA EXPLAINED

Saigon, June 6.

Mr. Robert Blum, head of the American Economic Mission to Vietnam, said here today that the United States had no intention of trying to impose huge quantities of American products or large numbers of American technicians on Indo-China.

Blum said that there was no intention of imposing American aid on Indo-China or to interfere in the relations between France, on the one hand, and Vietnam, Laos and Cambodia, on the other.

Mr. Blum stated that the United States Congress had voted \$23,500,000 for aid to Indo-China, being part of \$50,000,000 voted for the general area of China for the year ending June 30, 1951.

Of the total sum of \$40,000,000 would go to Indo-China. All America wanted was to help heal war wounds and increase the ability to resist Communist imperialism.

In reply to questions Mr. Blum said that economic aid was distinct from military aid, the amount of which was still debated in Washington.

The Americans would control aid allocation and the distribution in consultation with France and the three Indo-Chinese states.

He added that aid to Indo-China was a grant, not an interest-free loan, and that medicine supplies distributed by the American mission would be solely for civilian use.—Reuter.

## KING VICTOR'S ESTATE

Rome, June 6.

A Rome Court decreed tonight that four-fifths of the property of the late King Victor Emmanuel III of Italy should go to four of his five children.

The court also ordered the Ministry of Finance, from whom the ex-King's heirs had claimed the property, to pay the costs of the trial.

Ex-King Umberto, only son of Victor Emmanuel, at present living in Portugal, will not get his share of the property, the Court decided.

The share would go to the Government. The four-fifths will be divided between the Countess Clotilde of Bormio, Giovanna, widow of the late Tsar Boris of Bulgaria, and Princess Marina Bourbon-Parme, the three surviving daughters of the ex-King, and the four children of the fourth daughter, Princess Mafalda.

Princess Mafalda, a German prisoner-of-war camp.—Reuter.

## MORRISON WOOLING LIBERAL ELEMENT

London, June 6.

The Deputy Prime Minister, Mr. Herbert Morrison, the Labour Government's chief strategist, tonight made a flat-out appeal to progressive Liberals to vote Labour at the next General Election.

Hitherto, most of the political wooing of the Liberals—who polled 2,500,000 votes at the February Election—has been made by the Conservative Party, whose advances have been repulsed.

Mr. Morrison, making a speech in Ross and Cromarty, Scotland, during his Highland holiday, said that in the past the Highlands had been the stronghold of Liberalism, and even now the Liberals did better there than in most other parts of the country.

But he added that today it faced the greatest danger. "The Parliamentary strength has been reduced very much," he declared.

(The Liberals are only nine strong in the present House of Commons.)

"And the other danger is that many Liberal leaders have moved to the right compared with the days of David Lloyd George and had it somewhat difficult to distinguish their policy from the Tories (Conservatives)."

Mr. Morrison asserted that what the country needed at the next Election was a Government with a working majority and an adequate Opposition.

(The present Labour Government, which has been in power since May 1945, has a majority of nine.)—Reuter.

## Tibetan mission now in New Delhi

New Delhi, June 6.

The five-member Tibetan official mission to Communist China arrived here today, after their departure for Hong Kong had been prevented by C.I.C. security police on the grounds that they had no proper transit visas.

The members of the mission will meet the Indian Foreign Secretary, Mr. K.P.S. Menon, here tomorrow to help to continue their journey.

The mission, who hold Indian and Burmese Government visas, are understood not to have British transit visas to permit them to cross from Hong Kong into China.

The mission was seen invited by the Peking Government to hold talks in Chinese territory across the Hong Kong border on Tibet's political future.—Reuter.

## WAR PLAN FOR CHINA REVEALED

New York, June 6.

President Roosevelt and Chiang Kai-shek had a wartime plan to put all China's armies under the control of an American general officer, the "World Telegram and Sun" reported today.

The reporter, Frederick Wolfman, continuing his special series of articles on the "American Case," said Roosevelt's choice for the overall command was Lieutenant-General Joseph Stilwell.

The plan, later "leaked" through, however, and Stilwell was relieved of his command. The plan was brought to light in a document seized in the raid on the offices of the magazine "American." The report of negotiations between the two leaders was stamped "top secret" and for "eyes only" but did not name the persons to whom it was addressed.

In July 1944 General Stilwell received a top secret message from the White House for Chiang. It was delivered to the China commander by a special representative, and translated personally for Chiang by Robert Service, then State Department political adviser to Stilwell and later charged with being a Communist sympathizer.

The message to Chiang said the situation in China at that time was desperate and President Roosevelt suggested that all the Chinese armies, including those of the Communists, be placed under a single American commander. The President knew of Chiang's dislike for Stilwell but thought the General was the best man for the job. The President was ready to make Stilwell a four-star general to give him the rank for the job, it Chiang agreed.

Chiang replied that he would answer through his own channels and later did so through H. H. Kung, who was then heading the Chinese delegation to the Bretton Woods monetary conference. Ten days later another message from Roosevelt arrived in Chungking, stating he was glad Chiang had agreed to the principle of an overall American commander.—United Press.

## ATOM SCIENTISTS TO CONFER

London, June 6.

Two hundred leading atomic scientists are expected to attend the first big international conference on atomic energy in Britain next September, the Ministry of Supply announced tonight.

The conference, organised by the British Atomic Energy Research Establishment at Harwell, Berkshire, will be held at Harwell and at Oxford University from September 7 to 13.

Scientists are expected from the Commonwealth, Western Europe and the United States.—Reuter.

## SUDAN RAVAGED BY EPIDEMIC

Khartoum, June 6.

Hundreds of people have died and thousands have been stricken by an epidemic of deadly cerebro spinal meningitis, now sweeping vast areas of the Northern Sudan.

A much heavier toll is feared before the plague is halted. The medical authorities here, declaring the whole Khartoum Province an affected area, warned the people not to kiss their wives or their children, and to sleep out in the open.

The authorities have also placed a ban on large gatherings and limited crowds at coffee houses, parks, restaurants and other places. Schools have been closed and churches and cinemas advised to take precautions.

Reports trickling from Darfur through official channels have told of thousands of cases and hundreds of deaths in that province alone.

In Cairo today the Sudan Agent, Mr. E. C. Haselden, said that the epidemic had been checked in Darfur.

In Khartoum Province, more than 100 cases were reported for the last week in May. The authorities said that the plague was increasing there despite the first rains which it had been hoped would lead to a decline.

The disease hits the Sudan in waves about every eight or 10 years. The last epidemic was in 1942.

Mr. Haselden announced today that Egypt had offered to send a medical mission with supplies to aid the fight against the epidemic. He said, however, that the situation was under control.—Reuter.

## Two conditions

New York, June 6.

Two large copper producers and a major custom smelter today stepped into line with a major smelter which yesterday raised the price of copper two cents a pound to 22½, Connecticut Valley.—Associated press.

## Bradley sees no threat of war in near future

Washington, June 6.

General Omar Bradley sees no immediate threat of war, but thinks Europe must be helped with free American arms to keep any aggressor from starting a war by accident or design.

The Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff told the House Foreign Affairs Committee that the forces in Europe are not enough to halt an aggressor now, but are strong enough to be a deterrent.

He added that with time, the development of new weapons, and all-out land, sea and air help from the United States, the free nations of Europe will be able to hold their own in Europe.

General Bradley testified in support of the bill to provide \$1,225,000,000 for the second year of American arms aid to non-Communist Europe and Asia.

He refused to guess how long it would take to make Europe strong enough to hurl back an attack. But he said the strength of the Atlantic Pact partners had progressed considerably since last year when, he said, their chances of successful defence were only a remote possibility.

It now appears, he said, that they will be able to defend themselves, given enough time and help.

The time, he said in response to a question, will depend on Europe's own efforts and on the development of new weapons.

He could see little change in Russian strength or weakness over the past three years. But he cited the defection of Yugoslavia as one Communist setback which may be followed by other countries eventually.

## Roaming Germany

Renaming Germany would be a good idea from a strictly military standpoint, General Bradley said, but politically it cannot be done.

At the same time, the Foreign Aid Ambassador, W. Averell Harriman, plugged the arms programme to a joint meeting of the Senate Foreign Relations and Armed Services Committees.

He urged relaxing of existing restrictions on shipments of industrial equipment to Europe to enable America's allies to increase their own arms production.

Speaking as a member of the North Atlantic Treaty Financial Committee, Mr. Harriman reported the Committee's estimate that European military production in 1949 would be about \$500,000,000 above the output of 1948. He did not give an estimate for the 1948 production. However, despite that increase, he said, existing restrictions on furnishing of production equipment should be removed.—United Press.

## VIETNAM-SOVIET SOCIETY

Saigon, June 6.

A Vietnam-Soviet Society of Friendship Association recently founded in Vietnam (Communist-held insurgent territory), "will be charged with the reception of Soviet delegates arriving in Vietnam," Vietnam Radio said today.

The Association, it said, will have branches throughout Vietnam, and its activities will include publishing a magazine called "Vietnam-Union" to explain the life of the Soviet people to the people of Vietnam, organising libraries, and starting Russian-language classes for Vietnamese.—Reuter.

## BELGRADE TRIAL

Belgrade, June 6.

Two Yugoslav officers, 34-year-old General Branko Petricevic and 36-year-old Colonel Vlado Danilovich, were each sentenced to 20 years' imprisonment today for treason and espionage.

At their trial, which began on Thursday, they were charged with conspiring to overthrow Marshal Tito's regime and with betraying military information to the Soviet Military Attache in Belgrade two years ago.

Both men were arrested while trying to escape into Rumania in 1948.—Reuter.

## REGIONAL PLAN FOR FAR EAST?

Atlantic City, N.J., June 6.

William Knox, president of Westinghouse Electric International Company, today urged the United States to consolidate its aid to Asia's non-Communist nations into a regional programme like ECA in Europe and limit the money spent on Japan to one-half the total amount allocated to the entire Asiatic area.

He suggested that General MacArthur direct this regional programme.

Mr. Knox also urged that the United States move in non-Communist Asia as it was doing in Europe to encourage countries economically and politically to strengthen defences against Communism.

He told the convention of the Edison Electric Institute: "The current hot spot in the cold war is Asia, where the Americans' policy of foreign aid should embrace all non-Communist areas."

"Some Asiatic nations question our intentions and sometimes our sanity when they see the hundreds of millions of dollars we are contributing to the prosperity of Japan, our former enemy."

"I recommend that we handle all non-Communist Asia on a regional basis as we do Europe. While I am not in a position to question the amount of taxpayers' money spent in Japan, I think it should be limited to one-half the total we spend in non-Communist Asia and just to keep this in the hands of people who know the situation there better than anyone else, I would also recommend that General MacArthur be in charge of such an operation."—United Press.

## "FAROUK PUTS OFF MARRIAGE"

London, June 6.

King Farouk of Egypt has postponed his marriage to beautiful, 17-year-old Nariman Sadok only because family counsellors warned that marriage now would mean the end of his dynasty, the weekly "Picture Post" said today.

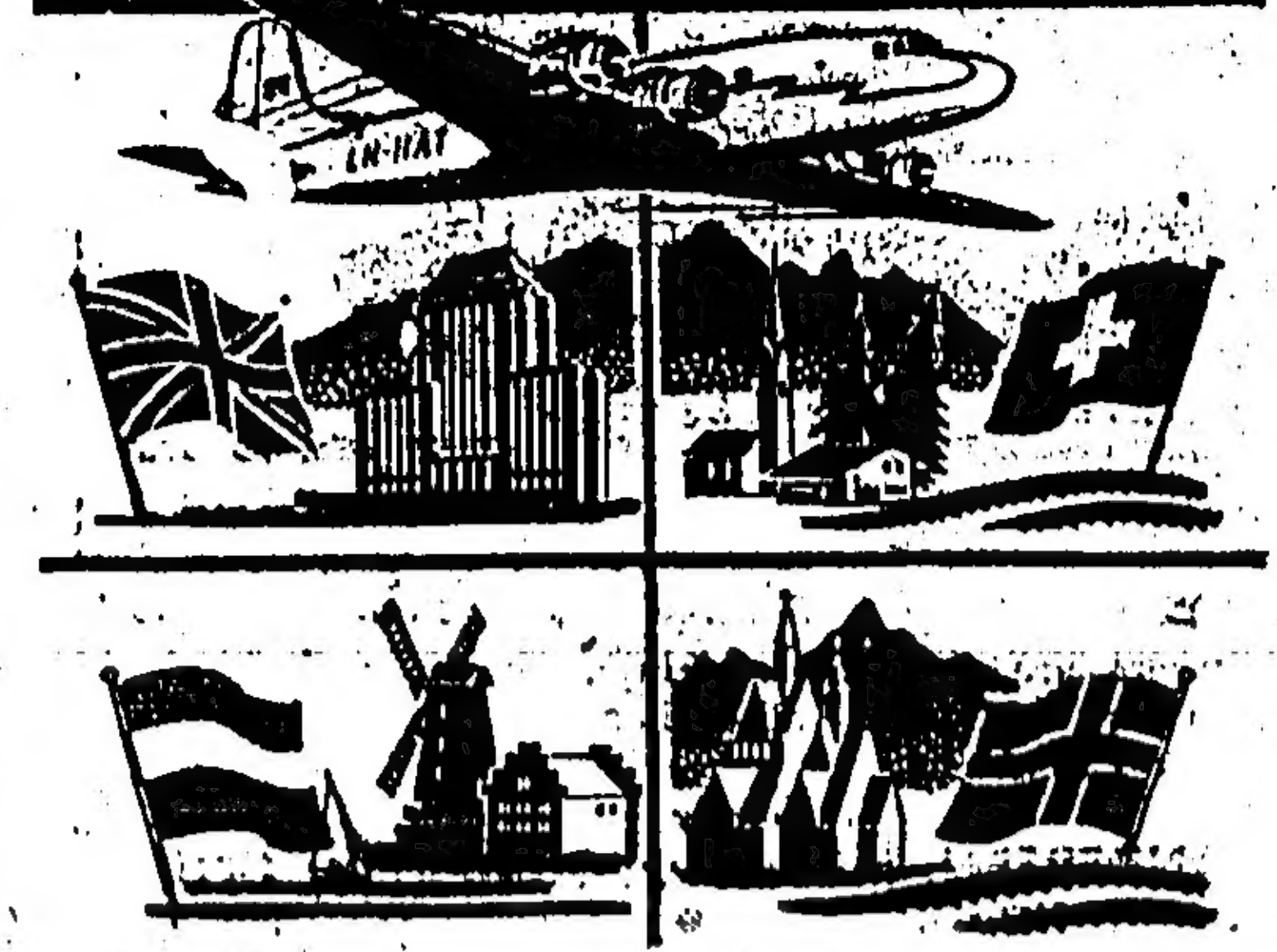
The statement was contained in an article entitled "Troubles of King Farouk," written by a businessman just back from Egypt, who claimed an inside knowledge of Palace affairs.

The article said: "The story of how the King stepped in, unexpectedly on the eve of Miss Sadok's marriage to a young Egyptian official working with the United Nations, and intimated that no wedding would take place as he himself was going to marry the girl."

shook Egypt as nothing the King has previously done had succeeded in doing."

The article said the King agreed only for a posthumous and added: "It is understood that the wedding will take place next spring, if it has not, as is widely alleged, in fact already been held."—United Press.

**BRAATHENS**  
SOUTH AMERICAN & FAR EAST AIRTRANSPORT S.A.S.  
**S.A.F.E.**



**HONGKONG-OSLO**

via AMSTERDAM

BOOKINGS ACCEPTED FOR ANY EUROPEAN DESTINATION

**Braathens S.A.F.E. Airtransport A/S**  
DEPARTURE EVERY FRIDAY 9 A.M.

(Every second Friday in conjunction with C.P.A.)

For Passage and Freight Bookings Apply to your Travel Agent

Agents:  
**WALLEM & COMPANY LIMITED.**  
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Building  
Tel: 24177-9  
Tel: 3804-1

**SAS**

**SCANDINAVIAN AIRLINES SYSTEM**  
General Agents for Hongkong, Kowloon and South China  
**THOMSEN & CO., LTD.**  
Queen's Building, Top Floor  
(Near 1st Ice House Street) Telephone: 3095-5  
APB10

**"I'm a Lux Girl"**  
Says CORINNE CALVET  
STAN OF PARADISE  
"ROSE OF SHAM"

"Lux Toilet Soap facials really make skin lovelier," says Corinne Calvet. "Work the lather in, well in. As you rinse and pat dry, skin takes on fresh new beauty!"

Try this lovely skin beauty—try a fragrant Lux Toilet Soap beauty bath tonight!

**9 out of 10 Film Stars use Lux Toilet Soap**

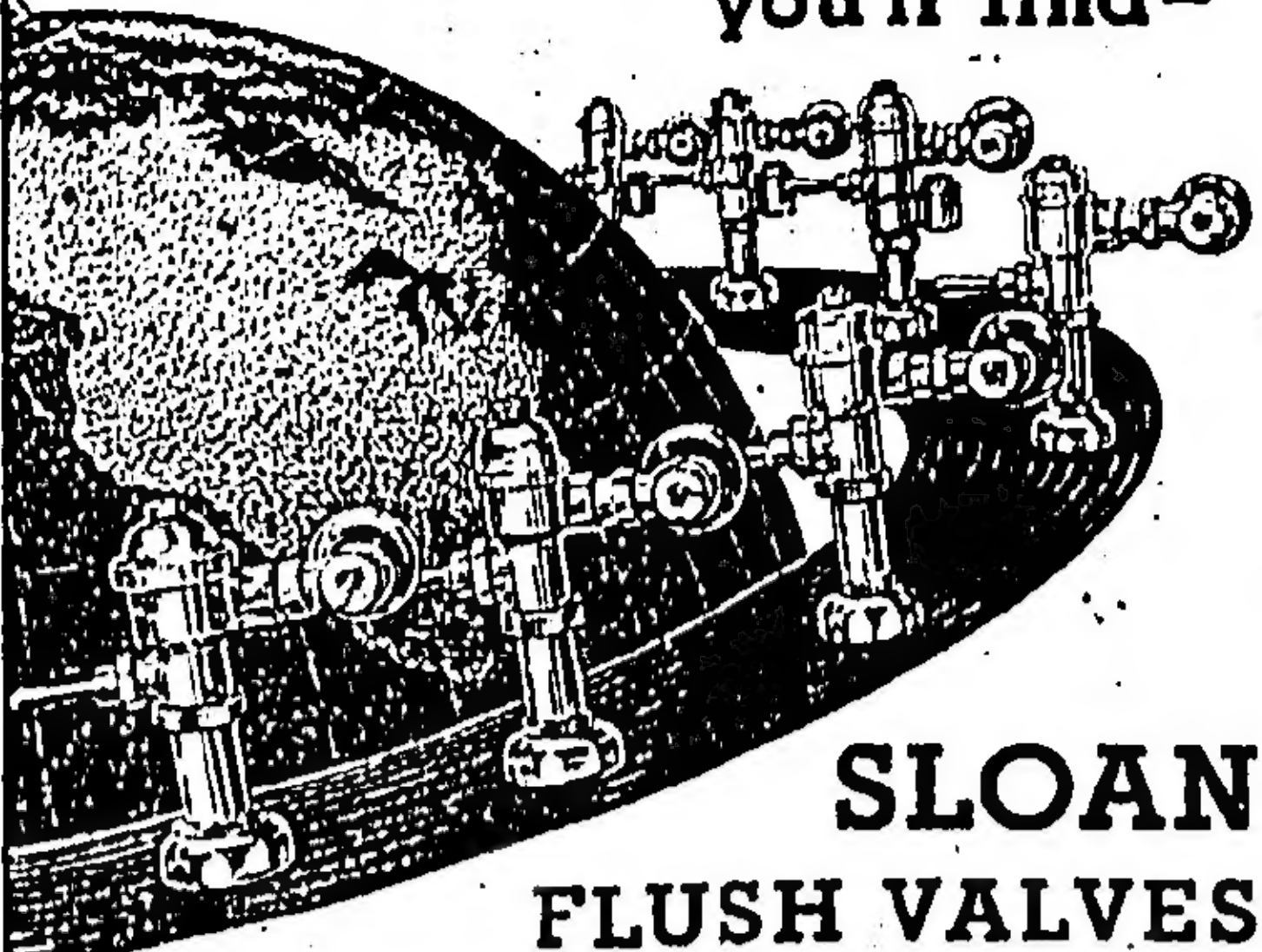
**AIR FRANCE**

70 SAIGON Wednesdays, Fridays, Sundays  
70 HAI PHONG Fridays  
70 HANOI Mondays, Sundays



ALL AROUND THE WORLD

you'll find—


**SLOAN  
FLUSH VALVES**

There are more Sloan Flush Valves sold than all other makes combined.

Agents  
**ANDERSEN, MEYER & COMPANY, LTD.**  
DAVID HOUSE TEL: 28091.

**STEEL**

FOR ALL  
INDUSTRIAL PURPOSES

**EDGAR ALLEN & CO., LTD.**

SHEFFIELD, ENGLAND.

SOLE AGENTS

**THE JARDINE ENGINEERING  
CORPORATION LTD.**

14-16 Pedder St. Hong Kong.

Tel. 30311.



YOU CAN CUT  
YOUR V-BELT INVENTORY

with

**VEELINK**

Just 4 reels replace up to  
316 sizes of endless

V-BELTS

Sole Agents—**KIU FOONG TRADING CO.**

107, Connaught Road, C.

Tel. 22403



## ENGINEERING PAGE

### All-metal coach design

In places where new transport services are being planned the latest design of all-metal passenger coach by Welsh Metal Industries should be sure of serious consideration.

No timber is used in construction, the material used being aluminium alloy, aluminium sheet, and aluminium alloy extrusions, with all parts anodically treated and protected against rust, insects, and humid atmosphere.

Anchor nuts, solid rivets, Tucker, or similar blind-riveting process, hank nuts, loose cage nuts, and similar devices are used to secure the panels, exterior and interior, in position.

It will be gathered that full consideration has been given to possible climatic conditions, and it may be added that insulating material is interposed between the inner and outer panelling of the roof.

### Prefabricated

Another consideration which should commend the idea to overseas operators is that it has been worked out on what might be termed prefabricated lines. The body is made in six major assemblies and shipped as a pack unit for assembly at destination by unskilled labour.

Maintenance also is a simple matter as all parts are easily detachable and interchangeable with spares or replacements, which may be obtained by simply quoting a number.

As dispatched the body is packed into a case 20ft. 9in. long by 5ft. 11in. wide by 8ft. 8in. deep and the weight is 32cwt.

Designed to fit the Austin 5-ton and 2-ton long-wheelbase coach chassis, the body is adaptable for either right or left-hand steering, and a removable section allows for lengthening or shortening of the body to suit a chassis; it can be supplied in 7ft., 7ft. 6in., and 8ft. widths.

Normally the seating is arranged for 29 passengers, but alternative layouts will provide seats up to 40 on the 8ft. wide body.

Further ventilation is provided by half a dozen ventilators in the roof with continuous extrator louvers the whole length of the vehicle on both sides above the windows.

The floor is of novel construction, made of sections brought together to form a strong platform, each section being independently skinned and easily detachable for maintenance purposes.

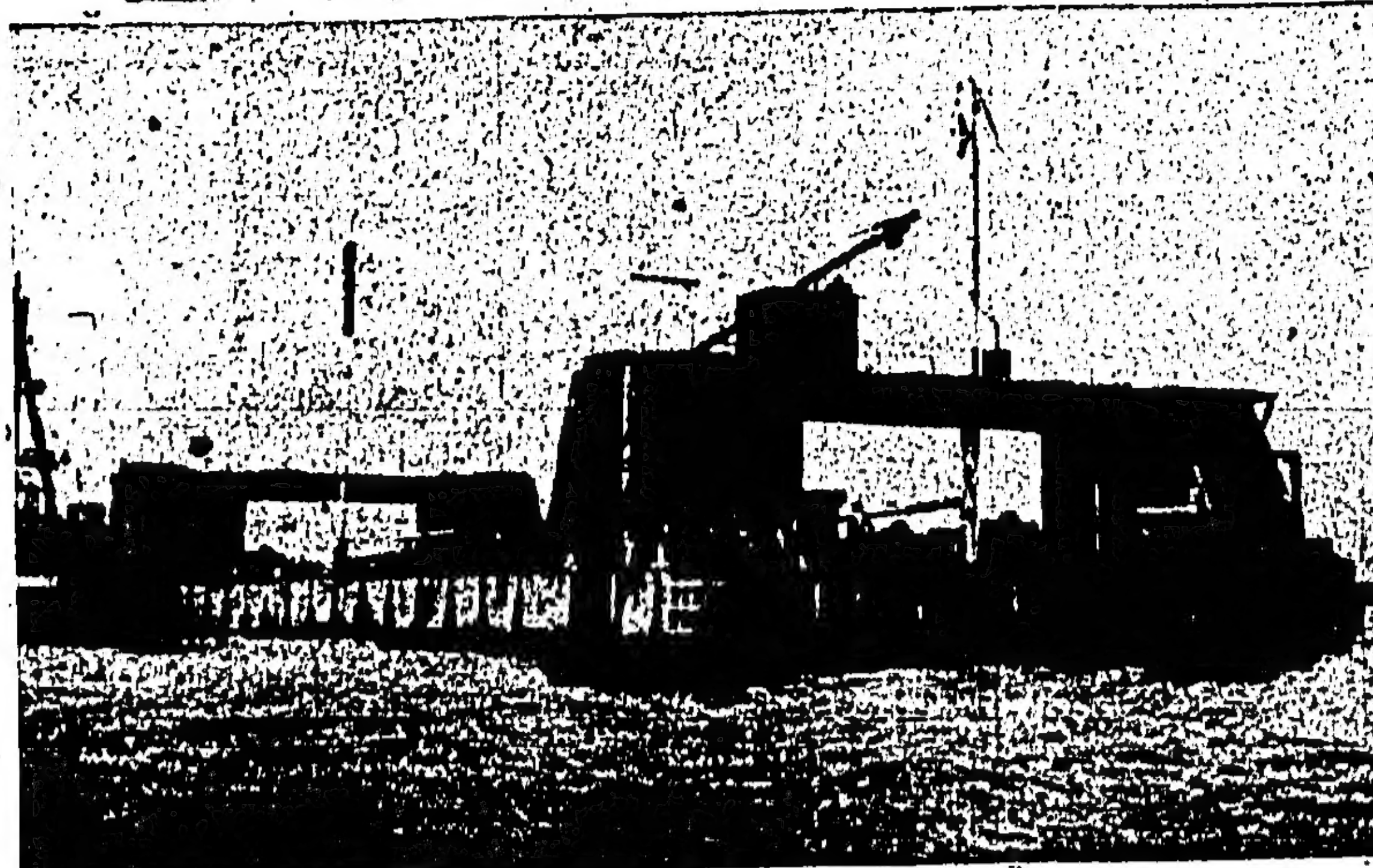
Mild steel formed sections from the bearers and they are cadmium plated. Rubber matting covers the metal floor. The chassis attachment is on the bottom flange of the bearer and is bolted to the chassis by means of a bracket.

### PIPELINE ACHIEVEMENT

The new pipeline, from Mtwar, East Africa, to Mtua, near Nachingwea, opened recently which is to supply fuel for contractor's plant, agricultural machinery, and transport for the groundnut scheme, is made of 6in. welded steel, weighs 6,000 tons, and required 33,528 welded joints.

It was built for the Shell Company of East Africa by Taylor Woodrow (East Africa), Ltd., and will be used for transporting gas, oil, and motor spirit, the change-over from one type of fuel to another being made by the insertion of a "plug" of water, nearly a mile long, as a separating medium.

### Oil-loading platform



The famous Mulberry Pierhead is to serve as an oil loading platform for the Royal Dutch-Shell Group at Muntok Bay, Banka Island (Indonesia) for tankers for Pladje and vessels sailing up the Moesi River. Picture shows: anchoring the Mulberry Pierhead on its arrival at Muntok Bay.

### New time-indicating traffic signals

Here are some interesting particulars of a novel system of time-indicating traffic control signals.

This system, incorporating several new features, has been adopted by a number of cities in Australia.

The control system is made up of master light and a series of slave lights with the same combination of red, green, and amber as in the traffic signals common in London's streets.

The master light, which constitutes the main novelty of the system, has revolving hands travelling clockwise through red, green, and amber sections of the clock face.

The red section stretches from roughly the 12.15 position to 8 o'clock, and the green from 8 o'clock to 11.45, 12.15 being amber.

### Exact time indicated

As the hands travel over the dials they indicate continuously the exact duration of time elapsing before the next change in signal colour will take place.

This has been found a valuable feature not only for ensuring the safety and easy flow of traffic but also for protecting children and the aged and infirm from risking a crossing just before the lights change.

Time elements are provided for adjusting the time sequence of the lights to traffic requirements at any intersection; once set this sequence remains constant and is naturally also transmitted to all slave lights by the master light.

### Large dials

These lights are conspicuous at a distance, being 15ft. high overall and fitted with dials 3ft. in diameter. The dials are floodlit at night. The signals are mechanically operated by a ½ h.p. electric motor, which is sufficient for the control of any number of slave lights placed at any distance.

The service sequence and flood-lighting circuits are controlled by electric timing clocks, which automatically operate switches cutting out the lights and stopping

the machine for any period as predetermined. For intricate intersections a modification of this system has been evolved, the master light being replaced by a small steel cabinet fitted with the necessary control switches, etc., for the manual operation and control of any number of slave lights.

The system has been approved by the Victorian Police Traffic Branch, and provision has been made for officials to operate the lights so that, in case of emergency, a continuous flow of traffic can proceed in any desired direction while such emergency exists.

### LOCOMOTIVES FOR SOUTH AFRICA

Some measure of the United Kingdom's contribution to the rehabilitation and development of the transport systems of the Commonwealth is afforded by the fact that since 1944 nearly 500 engines have been ordered by the South African Railways Administration from British manufacturers.

These have included mainline engines for drawing passenger and goods trains, as well as engines for mixed duties.

While the bulk of the orders have been for steam locomotives, 38 have been electric locomotives. More electric locomotives are still on order, one £2,000,000 contract for 40 of these units being for the most powerful type of passenger and goods locomotives yet built for South Africa.

These locomotives and other rolling stock, including about 5,000 goods wagons and passenger coaches, all ordered in Britain, and many of which have already been delivered, are required to make up for heavy arrears in replacements which built up during the war.

### Mulberry pierhead's new role

A recent arrival in the Banka Strait, off the East coast of Sumatra, in Indonesia, was a thousand-ton pierhead, once part of "Mulberry", the famous harbour built to help land troops and supplies on the coast of Normandy during the Allied invasion; it had been towed a distance of approximately 9,000 miles—from the UK to Banka, where it is now used as a floating dock.

This major feat of transport was performed by a 2,250 h.p. Dutch tug, the Noord Holland, whose staff of 11 officers, including towing specialists, and crew of nine, ensured that there were no mishaps en route.

The course taken by Noord Holland, after she left Southampton towing the 200 ft. x 60 ft. pierhead, was through the Mediterranean to Port Said, via the Suez Canal to Aden; she then sailed across the Indian Ocean to the Sunda Strait, bet. in Sumatra and Java and on the Banka Strait, which lies between Sumatra and the islet of Banka; her destination was Muntok Bay, a small port on Banka, facing Sumatra across the Banka Strait.

Here the pierhead was moored by 250 tons of mooring materials including 12 anchors and 4 mooring buoys.

Hitherto, tankers of 9,000 and 12,000 dwt. carrying crude oil from Lutong, in Sarawak, ocean terminal for the output of British Borneo oilfields, to the Shell refinery at Pladje could take only part cargoes—the percentage varied according to the size of the ship but average 60 per cent of total capacity—because the Moesi River, on which Pladje lies, is too shallow to permit the passage of such vessels fully-loaded.

Valuable shipping space was thus lost on this 700-mile trip.

This waste is almost entirely eliminated now that the pierhead is moored for use as a loading platform at Muntok Bay, a small port on the islet of Banka, facing the mouth of the Moesi River across the Banka Strait, and only 70 miles from Pladje.

Ocean-going tankers are able to make the trip from Sarawak to the pierhead fully loaded; and the transfer of part cargoes to a special shallow-draft vessel, the 8,700-ton Saldja, now assigned solely to shuttle service between Muntok Bay and Pladje, lightens the larger oil-carriers sufficiently to enable them to pass up the river to the refinery.

In this way, they can carry nearly twice as much crude oil from Sarawak as before.

Thus, this erstwhile invaluable and unique instrument of war has become an important link in a peacetime transportation system.

### FAST SHIPBUILDING

The 15,000-ton motor-tanker "Thorsen" for the Norwegian firm of A/S Thor Dahl, has been built at Sunderland by Joseph L. Thompson, and some from local steel is being put in the hull.

**GENERAL ELECTRIC**  
U.S.A.

For all Industrial Requirements

**G.E. MOTORS  
& CONTROLS**

Agents:

**ANDERSEN, MEYER & COMPANY, LTD.**  
DAVID HOUSE TEL: 28091.

### PROVEN IN THE SERVICE

For 58 years, Cutler-Hammer, Pioneer Electrical Manufacturer, has furnished dependable control to all departments of the United States Government.

Built to specifications... backed by an outstanding record of performance.

MOTOR CONTROL FOR EVERY SERVICE, VENTILATING FANS, PUMPS, CARGO WINCHES, CAPSTANS, WINDLASSES, LAUNDRY MACHINES, ETC.



CUTLER HAMMER, Inc., 1354 St. Paul Ave., Milwaukee 1, Wis.  
Distributors  
**YU TUNG TAI LTD.**  
Tel. 33145 York Building Hongkong

The Lodge & Shipley Company, U.S.A. (Lathes)  
Whitaker Cable Corporation, U.S.A. (Automotive Cable Products)

The Thompson Grinder Company, U.S.A. (Precision Grinding Machines)

Lucas Machine Division, U.S.A. (Horizontal Boring Machines)

Steyr-Daimler-Puch, Austria (Ball Bearings, Diesel Trucks, & Bicycles)

Schoeller-Bleckmann Steel Works, Austria (High Speed Steel)

Oesterreichisch-Alpine-Montan, Austria (Iron & Steel, Railway Materials, Blast Furnace Equipment)

Metallwerk Plansee, Austria (Powder Metallurgy)

Sartorius Werke, Germany (Analytical Balances)

Cassella Farbwerke, Germany (Dyes)

Zeiss-Ikon A.G., Germany (Cameras, Microscopes, Lenses, Field glasses, Etc.)

Sole Agents:—

**THE HONGKONG CHINA MERCANTILE CO., LTD.**

Laidlaw Building,

20, Des Voeux Road, Central, Hongkong

Cables "Chimcanco"

Telephone 20369

**Marelli  
fans**

CEILING MODEL 55" and 36"  
Efficient, silent and economical in use.

PEDESTAL MODEL 24"  
Oscillating and silent air circulator.

TABLE FANS 10", 12", 16"  
Oscillating and convenient.

EXHAUST FANS  
For all industrial, home and office purposes. Silent and efficient.


**U. SPALINGER & CO., LTD.**

Eng. Dept.  
3A, Wyndham St.

Sales & Service  
Tel: 32785



Models:

THE PROFESSIONAL ..... ¼ H.P. Window Type  
THE DIRECTOR ..... 1¼ H.P. Cabinet "  
THE OVERTON ..... 1½ H.P. "  
THE CLIMATE CONTROLLER ..... 1½ H.P. Industrial "

FOR EFFICIENCY & BETTER LIVING—

USE

**REMINGTON AIR CONDITIONERS**

Est. 1907







FIRST TIME IN COLONY

**ASTRO**  
Bed Spreads  
Table Covers

**CARPET INDUSTRIES**  
63, Austin Rd., Kowloon.

**RUGS**

**TIENTSIN CHEMICAL**  
WASHED RUGS  
FIRST QUALITY  
AT FACTORY PRICES  
VISIT  
**GREAT EASTERN RUG CO.**  
8 HANKOW RD. (GROUND FLOOR)  
KOWLOON TEL. 5119  
Agents Hongkong & Shanghai Loo Co. (Loo Koo)

**PEKING LACQUER**  
INLAIN & CARVED  
**SCREENS & CABINETS**

**WHOLE SALE & RETAIL**  
**CHEN BROS. CURIOS CO.**  
21 Wyndham St. H.K.

NEW SHIPMENT JUST ARRIVED!

**"BENTLEY" PIANOS**

Three Pedals  
Neat Modern Design  
Fully Tonalized  
At Reasonable Price  
Guaranteed for Ten Years  
Inspection Invited  
**KING'S MUSIC CO.**  
8, Chin Loo St. H.K. Tel. 5018.

**A. WHITE & CO.**  
12, Peking Road, Kowloon.

**COMMERCIAL PHOTOGRAPHERS.**  
DEALERS IN ALL TYPES OF  
CAMERAS, & ACCESSORIES.  
DEVELOPING, PRINTING  
& ENLARGING SERVICE.

**RODO HOUSE**

210, Tai Po Road, Kowloon.  
Terms: Single Rooms \$14 per day  
Double Rooms \$16 & \$18 per day  
Double Rooms with Balcony  
\$22 per day  
Meals: \$6 per day inclusive for 3 meals  
English & Chinese food to suit all  
tastes  
Hotel Car. available for use by guests.  
Management & Staff always at your service.  
Y. H. Chan, Manager.  
Call or Telephone 50974

**LOW PRICE!**

Calculators, Typewriters,  
Carbons & Ribbons  
**The World Typewriter Co.**  
16, Wellington St., Tel: 20504  
Repairing Service

**RUGS**

All kinds and various sizes  
of Tientsin chemical washed  
and Peking art rugs. Wholesale  
& retail at lowest price.  
**CLEANING & MENDING**  
**GOOD YEAR RUG CO.**  
Room 208 1st Floor  
6 Hankow Road, Kowloon.  
Tel. 53962.

**UNION HOUSE**

221-223, Nathan Road, Kowloon  
Telephone: 55525  
Cable Add: "UNIMORSE"  
Situated at convenient  
and residential centre.  
Modern Equipment and  
Excellent Service.  
Comfortable and pleasant  
surroundings.  
Call or phone for reservations.

**SERVICE TO OFFER**

**DENNIS & CO., LTD.**  
(White Arts Entertainment Dept.)  
Offers service in White Arts  
Treatment, just make a call on  
the telephone and our Technician  
will be at your service for Free  
inspection.  
TEL: 52170 & 52159.

**RUGS & CARPETS**

We quote real factory prices:  
Tientsin Chemical Washed Carpets  
at HK\$1.50 per sq. ft.  
Peking Art Rugs from  
HK\$1.00 to HK\$10.00 per sq. ft.  
Woolen (Washed Rugs)  
Unwet Pile at HK\$1.50 per sq. ft.  
Halfwet Pile at HK\$1.75 per sq. ft.  
Alfaca Pile at HK\$1.50 per sq. ft.  
Also Expert in Cleaning and Mending.  
Charge at HK\$0.40 per sq. ft.  
Special offer for cleaning from June  
1st to July 1st at HK\$0.30 per sq. ft.  
**NORTH CHINA DEVELOPMENT CO.**  
20, Parkes St., G.P. (Next to Austin Rd.),  
Kowloon. Telephone: 54123.

**NATHAN PHOTO SERVICE**  
301, NATHAN ROAD,  
KOWLOON

Art Photographers, Wedding,  
Birthday Parties and Outdoor  
Groups a Speciality. Expert  
in Developing, Printing and  
Enlarging.  
**FULL SATISFACTION**  
**ASSURED**  
Make your appointment NOW!  
Phone 58720 and ask for  
**NATHAN PHOTO**  
彌敦 SERVICE 影院

**BUTTER SHORTAGE**

Butter Concentrate (Kim Tai  
Brand) is now available at all  
stores at controlled prices.  
This Butter Concentrate is in  
tins, and should be mixed with  
water or milk to produce one  
pound weight. Firmed in a  
refrigerator or icebox, it is ex-  
actly the same as fresh butter,  
because no preservatives what-  
soever are used. In time it  
will keep for years without  
refrigeration and should be  
purchased now against future  
shortages.

**WHITE CLOVER SEEDS**  
LAWN GRASS  
SEED MIXTURE

A correctly-blended grass seed  
mixture will make your garden  
remain lush and green through-  
out the year. It is tough, hardy,  
and strong, holding up well in the  
play-yard, service area, and re-  
creation ground.  
van de Ven's Sole-Agents—  
**ANGLO CHINESE TRADING**  
**CO.**  
3rd fl., Pedder Bldg., Tel. 20053.

**PHOTOSTAT**

Documents reproduced in Fac-  
simile at actual or reduced sizes.  
Quick service, inexpensive, ac-  
curate, clear contrast copies.

**HONGKONG**  
**PHOTOCOPY SERVICE**  
Room 205, 33, Queen's Road,  
Central.

**Unusual Photographs**  
Required

If you have any you con-  
sider in this category, send  
small print for consideration,  
payment made for any accept-  
ed for reproduction. Stamped  
reply envelope must accom-  
pany small print if this is to  
be returned. Please do not  
send negatives or large prints.  
**PIC. Newspaper Enterprise**  
**Ltd.,**  
Windsor House.

**SHANGHAI**  
**WILLOW TAILOR**  
offer you  
**SUMMER**  
**DRESSES**

at most Reasonable Prices.  
Please call at:—  
21, Granville Road Kowloon.

**JEANNETTES**  
PRINCE'S BUILDING

FLOWERS FOR ALL  
OCCASIONS

**LAMMERT BROS.**

Auctioneers, Surveyors  
& Appraisers,  
Pedder Building,  
Telephone No. 20224.

SOME OF THE  
BEST VIEWS OF  
HONG KONG  
SEE  
**CHINA MAIL**  
**PHOTOGRAPHS**  
OFFICE  
WINDSOR HOUSE

# Truman call for unity on the economic front

Washington, June 6.

President Truman, calling for the country to unite against another economic depression, declared tonight "The economic strength of the United States is an indispensable support of freedom in the world today." And, he stated in a prepared speech for a national dinner of Better Business Bureaus just one day after he signed a billion-dollar economic assistance measure for Asia and Europe:

"A prosperous and expanding economy in the United States is necessary not only to provide an adequate standard of living for our growing population. It is also neces-

sary to our paramount objective of peace and freedom in the world. That is an objective to which—above all else—we must dedicate our efforts and our resources....

"Our industrial production, which is roughly equal to that of the rest of the world combined, furnishes a mighty assurance that the free world can defend itself. The margin of aid which we are able to provide is essential to the economic health and military security of the peoples of the world who are working with us to secure peace with freedom and justice.  
"The danger, a prosperous and expanding economy in this country is essential if the cause of freedom is to hold the allegiance of men in other countries. For today, the merits of our democratic system are being challenged by Communism all over the world. The most persuasive argument the Communists have is not anything Marx or Lenin ever wrote or anything Stalin ever did—but the depression which began in the United States in 1929. That depression weakened the faith of many men throughout the world in the ability of democratic institutions to meet the needs of the people. That depression is still used by the Communists to shake the faith of millions in the way of life this nation represents.

**Steady growth**

"If we are to win the struggle between freedom and Communism, we must be sure that we never let such a depression happen again. I believe we can prevent it. I believe that all groups in this country can move forward together in steady economic growth and progress.

"We have to use our strength wisely in support of property and peace throughout the world. That is a big job and we can not expect to accomplish it quickly. But we are equipped—morally and materially—to do it.  
"This is our greatest challenge, and we must meet it with confidence and faith."  
The President served notice that he will continue to use Government action to help maintain "the good times we are enjoying," and accused "reactionaries" of trying to frighten the people by spending huge sums on propaganda claiming the Government is trying to wreck every industry in the country.

**Small enterprise**

He called again for enactment of his recent proposals to channel more private capital into smaller enterprises and new investments. The Government had actually stimulated private business rather than hurting it with its enterprises.  
Social security insurance maintained by the Government had stimulated private insurance, increasing private life insurance policies 50 per cent.  
Private power companies had increased their business 60 per cent since the Government entered the power field. Such Government activities, he said, increase the wealth of all and increase the opportunities for business.—Associated Press.



PLENTY TO SEE  
WITH CLEAR VISION

Give your eyes the  
benefit of expert care.  
Examination free by a  
thoroughly trained  
specialist. Modern  
style frames.

**Chinese Optical Co.**  
67 Queen's Rd., C. Tel. 23358  
CO-2

# OH, WHAT COFFEE!

**THE NEW, IMPROVED**  
**CHASE & SANBORN**

Taste its glorious flavor  
and you'll call it the  
"finest coffee money can buy!"  
Get a vacuum packed can today!



Clever,  
dramatic  
our French  
**Vanity Table**  
compact  
A flick of your finger... and this intriguing  
now compact opens into a miniature  
French Vanity Table, before the very eyes of your  
enchanted audience. Wadsworth got the idea  
in Paris. You'll want to get it here... now  
Sole Agents—  
**SHIRO (CHINA) LTD.**

# Russian manoeuvres on Danube

Belgrade, June 6.  
Yugoslavia has protested that her ships cannot navigate the Danube for 15 hours on each of four days a week because Soviet warships are manoeuvring there.  
The Yugoslav Foreign Office in its note said that Yugoslavia did not receive notice of the manoeuvres until 10 days after they began. It declared that the action of the Soviet military authorities directly violated the Danube Convention of 1948, which guaranteed free navigation along the navigable length of the Danube.—Reuter.

# KMT WITHDRAWS FROM ICAO

Montreal, June 6.  
Nationalist China has decided to withdraw from the International Civil Aviation Organisation. The Nationalists move followed a Communist Chinese protest over their presence in the organization, and speculation that the dollar-short Chiang Kai-shek Government might be forced to quit.  
Chiang's decision, contained in a letter dated May 31 to the United States State Department, is effective from May 31, 1951. Wellington Koo, Nationalist China's Ambassador in Washington, delivered the note.—United Press.

# CHINA TRADE WITH PAKISTAN & BURMA

The Pakistan and Burmese rupee have been added to the list of official foreign exchange quotations of the People's Bank of China because of increasing trade with these countries, according to financial circles in Hong Kong.  
The Pakistan rupee is quoted at 10,650 Jen Min Piao—and the Burmese rupee at 7,400.

Meanwhile, there has been no change in the foreign exchange rates in Shanghai for almost an entire month, with the Pound Sterling at 97,000; the Hong Kong dollar at 6,000 T.T. and 5,700 cash, and the United States dollar 37,000 T.T. and 35,200 cash.

Shanghai's Indian merchants, numbering about 20, recently held a three-hour meeting with the International Trade Merchants Association to learn the Chinese Government's tax policy and the procedure for registration for taxation purposes.

Reports reaching here said generally the registration of foreign firms for the purpose of "democratic appraisal" of taxation is making slow headway.

In the past month only 203 foreign firms are said to have registered, and the various trade guilds have now been instructed to help to speed up registration to permit the work of appraisal to begin.

Many enterprises are reported to be refusing to register because they are doing no business.

More than 120 banks in Shanghai have been closed and 60 factories have been removed to the interior in the first year of the city's "liberation," according to Chinese Press reports.

Shanghai today has only 80 private commercial banks, aside from Government and foreign banks, as against over 200 last May when the People's Liberation Army entered the city.

The Nederlandsche Indische Handelsbank closed down in the past year, while two well-known American institutions, the National City Bank and the Chase Bank, are now awaiting the necessary permission from the authorities to close.

Meanwhile, the unemployment situation shows no improvement, according to arrivals from the North.

The Shanghai Federation of Industry and Commerce has approached trade guilds to ask their members to donate an amount equivalent to one day's average total wages paid to their employees to the relief of the city's 500,000 jobless.—Reuter.

# NYLON PRICES SLASHED

Pontypool, June 7.  
One of Britain's biggest synthetic fabric producers announced a drastic cut in nylon prices today in a bid for greater dollar sales.

British Nylon Spinners Ltd. is reducing its prices by more than 20 per cent, according to the different types of yarn.

It said the reductions had been made possible by increased production and improved methods of manufacture of raw materials and yarns.

The statement added: "Apart from nylon stockings, for which there is a worldwide demand, British nylon fabrics, especially the shirers and tricots, are in great demand in the U.S.A. and Canada as well as the other hard currency countries."

"It is expected this year that the export of nylon, either as yarn or fabric, will contribute about £10,000,000 to the country's export trade."—Associated Press.

**POP**



**POP**



**POP**



**POP**



**MANDRAKE THE MAGICIAN**

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis



**RIP KIRBY**

By ALEX RAYMOND



**JOHNNY HAZARD**

By FRANK ROBBINS



**JANE**







## CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

## SAILINGS TO

"SHANSI"	Bangkok	5 p.m. 8th June
"HUNAN"	Incheon & Tientsin	5 p.m. 11th June
"SHENGKING"	Keelung	5 p.m. 13th June
"YUNNAN"	Saigon	5 p.m. 13th June
"ANHUI"	Singapore, Penang & Belawan	3 p.m. 16th June
"FUKIEN"	Yokohama, Nagoya, Osaka & Kobe	5 p.m. 19th June
"YCHOW"	Singapore & Indonesia	20th June

Sails from Custodian Wharf.

## ARRIVALS FROM

"SOOCHOW"	Keelung	9th June
"ANHUI"	Singapore	9th/10th June
"SZECHUEN"	Bangkok	p.m. 10th June
"SHENGKING"	Keelung	11th June
"YUNNAN"	Saigon	11th June
"SINKIANG"	Tientsin & Tsingtau	12th/13th June
"FUKIEN"	Indonesia & Straits	15th/16th June
"YCHOW"	Indonesia	16th June
"POYANG"	Tientsin & Tsingtau	16th/17th June

## AUSTRALIAN ORIENTAL LINE LTD./CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD. JOINT SERVICE

## SAILINGS TO

"CHANGSHA"	Japan	15th June
"TAIYUAN"	Sydney	20th June
"TAIPING"	Sydney & Melbourne	23rd June
"CHANGSHA"	Sydney, Port Melbourne, Hobart & Melbourne	6th July

## ARRIVALS FROM

"CHANGSHA"	Australia & Manila	In Port
"TAIYUAN"	Japan	17th June
"TAIPING"	Japan	20th June
"CHANGSHA"	Japan	3rd July

## BLUE FUNNEL LINE

Scheduled sailings to Europe via Aden &amp; Port Said.

"AGAPENOR"	Havre & Liverpool	22nd June
"CALCHAS"	Casablanca, Liverpool & Dublin	24th June

## ARRIVALS FROM

"PELEUS"	U.K. via Straits	15th June
"AGAPENOR"	U.K. via Straits & Manila	16th June
"DOLIOS"	U.K. via Bangkok & Labuan	16th June
"AEneas"	U.K. via Straits	27th June
"MARON"	U.K. via Straits	4th July
"AUTOMEDON"	U.K. via Straits & Manila	13th July
"PATROCLUS"	U.K. via Straits	17th July
"CYCLOPS"	U.K. via Straits	27th July

## DE LA RAMA LINES

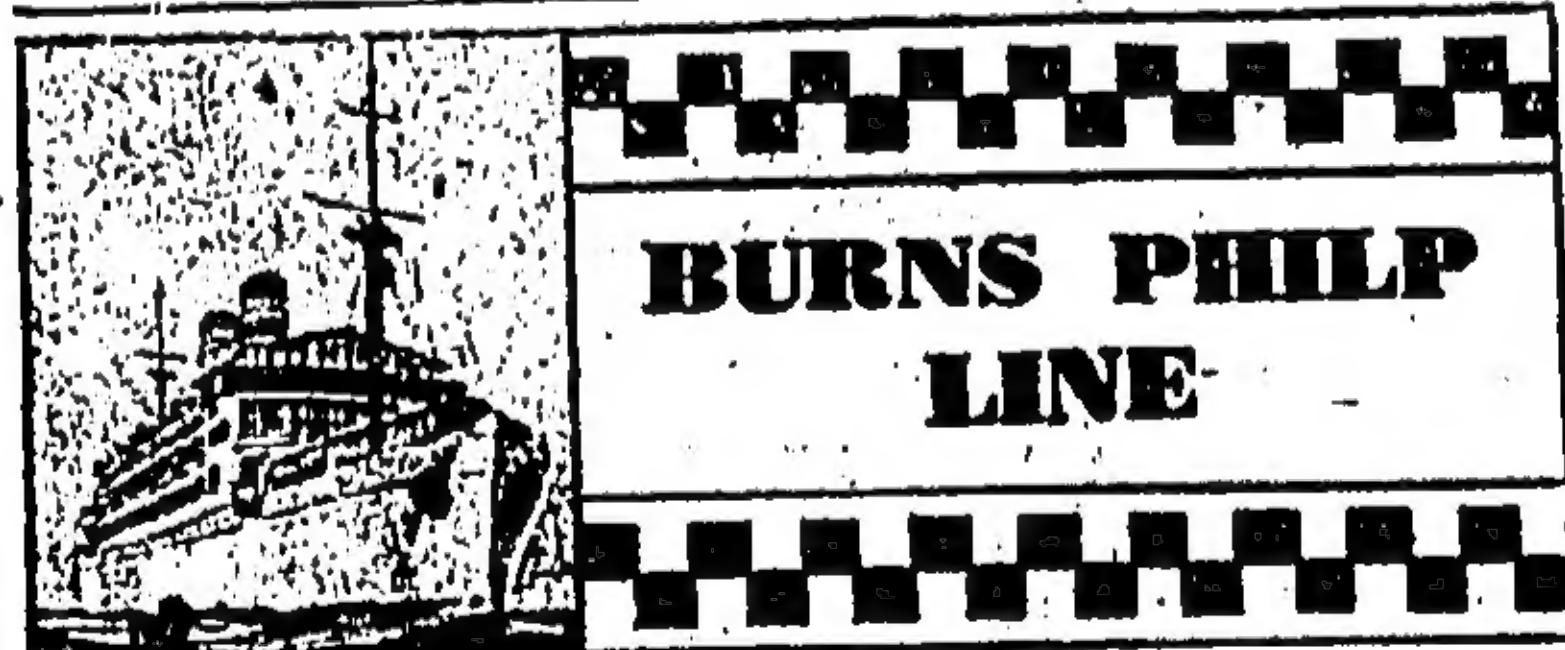
Sailing to NEW YORK, BALTIMORE, PHILADELPHIA, Via JAPAN and PACIFIC COAST PORTS

"DONA ANICETA" 13th June

Carriers option to proceed via other ports to load &amp; discharge cargo.

All the above subject to alteration without notice. For Passage and Freight particulars please apply to

1 CONNAUGHT ROAD, CENTRAL  
Tel: 3033/8 Private Exchange.  
BRANCH OFFICE 50 Connaught Rd. West. 25875. 32144. 24878.



## BURNS PHILP LINE

## M.V. "MERKUR"

Is expected to arrive from Australia

8th JUNE

Round Trip to Japanese Ports 11th June—27th June

SPECIAL ROUND TRIP FARES HK\$600.

Sails for New Guinea and Australian Ports via Manila.

THURSDAY, 29th JUNE

For passage and freight apply.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON &amp; CO., LTD.

AGENTS

P. & O. Building Ground floor. Tel. 30327.  
Chinese Freight Dept. CHOY YOK PO Tel. 31773

## "WEEKLY CHINA MAIL"

CONTAINING ALL THE LOCAL NEWS OF THE WEEK FROM THE "CHINA MAIL" &amp; "SUNDAY HERALD"

Price 50 Cents

ON SALE EVERY THURSDAY.

## China recognition issue may be settled in June

Washington, June 7.

The question of whether the 400,000,000 people of China will be represented in the United Nations by Communists or by Nationalists is going to cut a lot of different ways.

It looks now as if the decision may be taken this month in the U.N. Security Council. But it could be put off to the General Assembly in September.

## Chinese trade with Japan

New York, June 7. The International Statistical Bureau, Inc., predicts that Japanese industrialists will soon try to develop new trade channels with Communist China, particularly in cotton textiles.

The Bureau, a private trade information service, said the drive for trade with China is developing because Japanese industry may suffer from overproduction and large unsold stocks.

Particular reference is given to cotton textiles, but it also takes in other kinds of low-grade, inexpensive articles which are said to be filling warehouses at Osaka, Nagoya, Kobe and Yokohama.—Associated Press.

## RADIO

Radio Hong Kong broadcasts on a frequency of 845 kilocycles per second and on 952 megacycles per second in the 31 metre band.

H.K.T. A.M. 7.00—"Hong Kong Calling"—Programme Summary.  
7.10—"Morning News"—(London Relay)  
7.15—"Morning Melody"  
7.30—"Light Variety with Arrie Shaw and His Orchestra"  
7.45—"Hawaii in Music"—A Musical Feature with the H.K.T. Theatre Orchestra and Chorus. (H.K.T.S.)  
10.15—"A Holiday in Hawaii"—Felix Mendelssohn and His Hawaiian Singers.  
10.30—"Palace Theatre Orchestra."  
11.0—"Morning Concert"—David Olshak (Violin) Guest Artist.

P.M. 12.0—"A Light Opera Programme with Webster Booth (Tenor)."  
12.30—"Hong Kong Calling"—Programme Summary.  
1.00—"Emil Rosa Tango Orch."  
1.15—"Light Variety with Arrie Shaw and His Orchestra."  
1.30—"Palace Theatre Orchestra."  
1.45—"Morning Concert"—David Olshak (Violin) Guest Artist.

2.00—"Albert Rindler (Violin) and His Orchestra."  
2.30—"Songs of Ireland"—A Selection of Favorites Sung by Margaret Byrne, George Rogers, and the Orchestral Choir. (H.K.T.S.)  
3.00—"Irish Concert Hall"—H.K.T. Symphony Orch. (H.K.T.S.)  
4.15—"Variety Hour"—From the Cambridge Theatre, London. (H.K.T.S.)  
4.30—"The Ghost of John Carraway"—A Mystery Play by Terry New. (H.K.T.S.)

5.00—"Music and Song of George Gershwin."  
5.30—"Time for Music"—The H.K.T. Midland Light Orch. (H.K.T.S.)  
6.00—"Hong Kong Calling"—Programme Summary.  
6.15—"Children's Feature"—The Tower of London. (H.K.T.S.)  
6.25—"Interlude"—The Queen's Hall Light Orchestra.

6.30—"London Studio Concert"—The Westminster Orch. (H.K.T.S.)  
7.00—"String with Wings"—Melachino Orchestra with Paul Green and Wilfred Burns. (O.H.S.)  
7.30—"La Demi-Heure Francaise." (Studio)  
8.00—"World News and News Analysis." (London Relay)

8.15—"Band Call"—Marching with the Regiment—The King's Own Scottish Borderers Introduced by Captain David Jones (Recorded) (Relay)  
8.45—"Sports Review"—By Bill Phillips (Studio)  
9.00—"From the Editorials." (London Relay)  
9.15—"Weather Report."  
9.30—"England v. West Indies—The First Cricket Test Match. A Day-by-Day Commentary on the First Day's Play from Old Trafford (London Relay)"

9.50—"The Opera"—"La Boheme"—Puccini, Act 1. With the Principal Members of the Chorus and Orchestra of La Scala, Milan. Conducted by Umberto Benioni. (London Relay)  
10.15—"Smuggling Billie Dugan"—A Tale by Sir Thomas Russell Pasha. (H.K.T.S.)  
10.30—"Thursdays"—A Programme of Continuous Music Arranged by Betty Brown.

11.00—"Radio News Reel." (London Relay)  
11.15—"Weather Report."  
11.30—"Goodnight Music."  
11.45—"God Save the King."  
12.30—"Close Down."

## FRESH FISH PRICES

Fresh fish average prices	valued at the Hong Kong Fish Wholesale Market, Kennedy Town, yesterday were:
Shrimp	11.50
Yellow Croaker	8.50
Mackerel (large)	1.50
Red Grouper	1.50
Conch Pile	1.50
White Herrings	1.50
Halibut	2.50

Washington, June 8. Indonesia exported 3,162 tons of kapok last year and sent 1,983 tons to the United States, the Department of Commerce reported.—Associated Press.

## Chinese trade with Japan

Whatever the date, here is the position the U.S. will take: It will vote against seating the Chinese Communists. But it will not use the veto. However, the U.S. will have to fight, inside the Security Council, for the kind of vote in which a veto cannot be used.

China is granted a permanent seat, as a major power, on the United Nations Council. The issue to be decided now will be what group of politicians represents her in the U.N.

On this ground, the U.S. will ask the Security Council to consider the issue as merely a sort of family decision, inside the Council; as such, the veto would have to be only a majority vote.

But there are plenty of people—including several U.S. Senators—who are concerned by the moral issues involved on that sort of vote.

When the U.N. votes to take in new members a veto can be cast, and Russia has cast several. She has barred, so far, membership for Italy, Ireland and others.

U.S. tradition These European nations are governed by groups who were put into power by majority votes in elections. On the other hand the Chinese Reds control their country by force of arms. Many European governments have been willing to recognise such an accomplished fact.

But the U.S. has traditionally held off recognition until it felt convinced that a government was moving in the direction that most of the people wanted.

For example, the U.S. still refuses to recognize that the Russians have gobbled up the three Baltic States, Lithuania, Estonia and Latvia. All three still have diplomatic representatives in Washington.

So there will be demands in the U.S. Senate for an explanation.

## Japanese Reds' call for general strike

(Continued From Page 1)

Of the 17 named in the latest purge, Kikunami is the only member holding a seat in Parliament. He was a war correspondent for "Asahi" in Ethiopia and was the best known of the group. After the war he became a labour leader.

A spokesman for "Akahata" said later that 14 of the 17 purged, including Kikunami, had no connection currently with the newspaper.

Koshida Shimada, one of those named, is editor of the spokesman said, Tatuo Kawamura, the spokesman said, is on the business staff and Yoshiro Sakano is associate editor but is now on sick leave.

Another, Haruki Akawa, was identified in Moscow broadcasts as editor of the Soviet-backed "Nippon Shimbun" while a war prisoner. The newspaper has been suspended and Akawa was repatriated recently.

Shino and party leaders declined to answer questions by newsmen. One did advise them to read "Akahata" carefully when it was asked if the Communist general strike call still stood.

"Akahata" called for a general strike this morning. The newspaper also carried a glaring headline that read: "The Communist Party together with the people is indeluctable."

Many newspapers today put out editorials on General MacArthur's directive to Mr. Yoshida, instructing the Government to purge 24 top Communist leaders.

One of the nation's most influential newspapers, the "Asahi Shimbun," warned against any action tending to outlaw the Communist Party for such a measure would be liable to drive it underground.

## Chinese trade with Japan

Washington, June 7. The question of whether the 400,000,000 people of China will be represented in the United Nations by Communists or by Nationalists is going to cut a lot of different ways.

It looks now as if the decision may be taken this month in the U.N. Security Council. But it could be put off to the General Assembly in September.

Whatever the date, here is the position the U.S. will take: It will vote against seating the Chinese Communists. But it will not use the veto. However, the U.S. will have to fight, inside the Security Council, for the kind of vote in which a veto cannot be used.

China is granted a permanent seat, as a major power, on the United Nations Council. The issue to be decided now will be what group of politicians represents her in the U.N.

On this ground, the U.S. will ask the Security Council to consider the issue as merely a sort of family decision, inside the Council; as such, the veto would have to be only a majority vote.

But there are plenty of people—including several U.S. Senators—who are concerned by the moral issues involved on that sort of vote.

When the U.N. votes to take in new members a veto can be cast, and Russia has cast several. She has barred, so far, membership for Italy, Ireland and others.

U.S. tradition These European nations are governed by groups who were put into power by majority votes in elections. On the other hand the Chinese Reds control their country by force of arms. Many European governments have been willing to recognise such an accomplished fact.

But the U.S. has traditionally held off recognition until it felt convinced that a government was moving in the direction that most of the people wanted.

For example, the U.S. still refuses to recognize that the Russians have gobbled up the three Baltic States, Lithuania, Estonia and Latvia. All three still have diplomatic representatives in Washington.

So there will be demands in the U.S. Senate for an explanation.

Japanese Reds' call for general strike (Continued From Page 1)

Of the 17 named in the latest purge, Kikunami is the only member holding a seat in Parliament. He was a war correspondent for "Asahi" in Ethiopia and was the best known of the group. After the war he became a labour leader.

A spokesman for "Akahata" said later that 14 of the 17 purged, including Kikunami, had no connection currently with the newspaper.

Koshida Shimada, one of those named, is editor of the spokesman said, Tatuo Kawamura, the spokesman said, is on the business staff and Yoshiro Sakano is associate editor but is now on sick leave.

Another, Haruki Akawa, was identified in Moscow broadcasts as editor of the Soviet-backed "Nippon Shimbun" while a war prisoner. The newspaper has been suspended and Akawa was repatriated recently.

Shino and party leaders declined to answer questions by newsmen. One did advise them to read "Akahata" carefully when it was asked if the Communist general strike call still stood.

"Akahata" called for a general strike this morning. The newspaper also carried a glaring headline that read: "The Communist Party together with the people is indeluctable."

## Reditfusion

A.M.  
7.00—Up With The Sun.  
7.30—Musical Clock.  
7.45—T.M. A. Keller Show.  
8.00—News and Weather Forecast.  
8.15—Roarid Bourdon Symphonette.  
9.00—Merrill Music.  
9.30—Thursday's Favourite Classics.  
10.30—Morning Melody.

P.M.  
12.00—J.K. Stock Exchange.  
12.10—H.B.C. School Broadcast.  
12.35—From The Films.  
1.00—Light Variety.  
1.15—News.  
1.30—Of The Week.  
2.00—Variety Clock The Tune.  
2.15—The Tex Denke Show.  
4.15—Tropics.  
4.30—Locally Yours.  
5.00—Movie Time.  
5.30—Children's Corner.  
5.45—Music Makers.  
6.00—Music.  
6.15—New Behind The Melody.  
6.30—Request Show.  
7.00—Bing Bing.  
7.15—Fred Waring and His Pennysylvanians.  
7.30—The Bouvarde.  
7.45—Listen to Lullaby.  
8.00—B.B.C. News.  
8.10—Local News.  
8.15—The Streetwood Serenaders.  
8.30—The Starline.  
8.45—The Walls Live On.  
9.00—Concert Hall.  
9.10—Local News.  
9.15—Silks And Saddles.  
9.30—Thursday Serenade.  
10.00—The Novelties Trio.  
10.15—Anne Ziegler and Walter Dooch.  
10.30—Close Down.

## SCRAP PRICES

Philadelphia, June 6. A spokesman for two large scrap yards said today steel scrap prices went up US\$1 to US\$2 since Monday.

No. 1 steel scrap was quoted at US\$36 to US\$37 a ton delivered to Eastern points.—Associated Press.

## HKDF ORDERS

Orders by Colonel L. T. Ride, CBE, ED, Commandant, Hong Kong Defence Force, dated June 6, 1950:

Force Headquarters  
Depot—Qualification Course R15—20 Years Honor: The following recruits first this course on Monday, June 6, and achieved the results shown against their names:—Recruits of Class 19 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (b) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (c) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (d) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (e) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (f) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (g) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (h) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (i) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (j) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (k) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (l) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (m) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (n) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (o) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (p) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (q) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (r) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (s) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (t) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (u) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (v) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (w) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (x) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (y) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (z) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (aa) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (ab) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (ac) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (ad) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (ae) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (af) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (ag) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (ah) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (ai) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (aj) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (ak) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (al) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (am) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (an) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (ao) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (ap) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (aq) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (ar) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (as) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (at) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (au) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (av) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (aw) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (ax) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (ay) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (az) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (ba) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (bb) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (bc) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (bd) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (be) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (bf) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (bg) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (bh) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (bi) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (bj) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (bk) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (bl) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (bm) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (bn) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (bo) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (bp) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (bq) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (br) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (bs) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (bt) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (bu) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (bv) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (bw) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (bx) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (by) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (bz) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (ca) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (cb) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (cc) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (cd) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (ce) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (cf) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (cg) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (ch) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (ci) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (cj) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (ck) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (cl) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (cm) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (cn) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (co) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (cp) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (cq) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (cr) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (cs) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (ct) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (cu) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (cv) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (cw) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (cx) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (cy) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (cz) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (da) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (db) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (dc) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (dd) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (de) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (df) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (dg) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (dh) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (di) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (dj) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (dk) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (dl) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (dm) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (dn) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (do) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (dp) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (dq) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (dr) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (ds) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (dt) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (du) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (dv) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (dw) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (dx) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (dy) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (dz) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (ea) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (eb) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (ec) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (ed) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (ee) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (ef) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (eg) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (eh) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (ei) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (ej) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (ek) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (el) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (em) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (en) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (eo) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (ep) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (eq) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (er) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (es) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (et) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (eu) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (ev) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (ew) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (ex) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (ey) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (ez) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (fa) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (fb) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (fc) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (fd) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (fe) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (ff) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (fg) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (fh) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (fi) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (fj) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (fk) Class 19 10 Murray Parade Ground. (fl) Personnel of these courses will parade at 11.00 a.m. on Monday, June 6, at the Depot. (fm) Class 19













## BUREN

THE PERFECT  
SWISS WATCH

# CHINA MAIL

HONG KONG, THURSDAY, JUNE 8, 1950.



### Boxing:

## LEE SAVOLD NEW WORLD HEAVYWEIGHT CHAMPION

### LAWN BOWLS:

### Third round of Open Triples

The Third Round games in the Colony Open Lawn Bowls Triple Championship will be played on Sunday, June 18, commencing at 3.30 p.m. The following is the draw:—

#### CCC

C. Pope, C. Gough, W. Cameron v E. Markar, A.H. Abbas, O.R. Sadick.

#### B.A.

B.A. Blekford, B.I. Mansell, N. Lebington v J.B. Baxter, A. Steven, W.G. McKie.

#### HKFC

R.M.V. Ribeiro, S. Souza, L.S. da Silva v J.S. Landolt, G.A. Souza, G. Hong Choy.

#### PRC

J.M.A. Razaek, A.R.A. Robinson, I. Ali v E.M. Alarcón, A.A. Lopez, J.F.V. Ribeiro, A.M. Kadif, S. Yusuf, M.Y. Adal v J. Kinniburgh, A. Mullen, J.C. Chalmers.

#### PRC

J.M.A. Razaek, A.R.A. Robinson, I. Ali v E.M. Alarcón, A.A. Lopez, J.F.V. Ribeiro, A.M. Kadif, S. Yusuf, M.Y. Adal v J. Kinniburgh, A. Mullen, J.C. Chalmers.

It was very warm in bed and the crowd of 50,000 was basking in shirt sleeves and light summer dresses.

The covered ring was situated in the centre of the famous athletic track, round the stadium, the flags of all nations fluttered proudly in the evening breeze.

A great ovation  
The vast crowd was entertained before the preliminary bouts by a famous London West End dance band, which received a great ovation as they left the ring.

There seemed little doubt that the lovely weather would hold and that, as usual, Mr. Jack Solomon would have perfect conditions for his big open air promotion.

The British Boxing Board of Control and the European Boxing Union had agreed that the winner of the contest would be considered by them as the World Heavyweight Champion.

In the United States the contest is only considered as an eliminator for the title, now in abeyance since it was relinquished by Joe Louis and his Exeter Charles suffering from heart trouble.

Both Woodcock and Savold were to be well rewarded for their night's work as they were to split between them, evenly, something in the neighbourhood of £35,000.

Preliminary bouts  
The first two preliminary bouts on the programme did not last more than the opening round.

In one, Algar Smith, of London, Britain's top male boxer, knocked out his opponent, knocking him out within two minutes.

Pat Comiskey, the giant American heavyweight, beat Johnny Williams, the British heavyweight hope, in an eight round contest, the referee declaring the Englishman unfit to continue at the end of the sixth round.

Mogard, the rugged Canadian sparring partner of Savold, gained a narrow points decision over six rounds on Frank Bell, of Barnsley, Yorkshire.

Another of Savold's sparring partners, Charles Henry, the Croydon heavyweight, who has recently been campaigning in the United States, was beaten on points by the former Irish Heavyweight Champion, Gorry McDermod, over six rounds.

Fanfares of trumpets  
Fanfares of trumpets heralded the approach of the principal contestants in the growing twilight.

Spotlights first picked out the Stars and Stripes which preceded Savold to the ring.

The vast crowd rose to its feet to catch a glimpse of Savold, who was clad in a blue and white satin dressing gown.

There was a hush for a few moments, then a deep-throated roar from the crowd which almost drowned the second fanfare of trumpets as the Union Jack was seen to emerge and Woodcock, in a red dressing gown, began the long trek to the ring.

Description of fight  
Both boxers were escorted to the ring by many policemen. The following is a round-by-round description of the fight.

Round 1.—The confident Woodcock certainly took this round. The Yorkshireman, fighting grimly and full of confidence, landed at least seven hard rights to the American's head.

White City Stadium, London, June 6.  
Lee Savold, aged 34, former American rancher, became the new World Heavyweight Champion in the eyes of the boxing authorities on this side of the Atlantic here tonight.

His opponent, Bruce Woodcock, the Champion of Britain, was forced to retire at the end of the fourth round of their 15-round contest with a badly cut left eye.

The bad gash over Woodcock's left eye was opened by vicious left jabs from the American and ended the fight at a stage when the Englishman, if anything, was ahead on points.

Woodcock took the first two rounds.

Savold, however, tough as oak, did not even wince at the flurry of the blows which hit him on the jaw. Gradually he sized up his opponent. Woodcock had to have three stitches inserted in his injured eye.

Nearly two hours before the fight was due to begin, the arena was packed.

The ring-side seats were stuffed with personalities from all walks of life. Present were Cabinet Ministers, high military leaders of all the services, Peers of the Realm, stage and screen stars, jockeys and trainers, and many former idols of the boxing ring.

It was very warm in bed and the crowd of 50,000 was basking in shirt sleeves and light summer dresses.

The covered ring was situated in the centre of the famous athletic track, round the stadium, the flags of all nations fluttered proudly in the evening breeze.

A great ovation  
The vast crowd was entertained before the preliminary bouts by a famous London West End dance band, which received a great ovation as they left the ring.

There seemed little doubt that the lovely weather would hold and that, as usual, Mr. Jack Solomon would have perfect conditions for his big open air promotion.

The British Boxing Board of Control and the European Boxing Union had agreed that the winner of the contest would be considered by them as the World Heavyweight Champion.

In the United States the contest is only considered as an eliminator for the title, now in abeyance since it was relinquished by Joe Louis and his Exeter Charles suffering from heart trouble.

Both Woodcock and Savold were to be well rewarded for their night's work as they were to split between them, evenly, something in the neighbourhood of £35,000.

Preliminary bouts  
The first two preliminary bouts on the programme did not last more than the opening round.

In one, Algar Smith, of London, Britain's top male boxer, knocked out his opponent, knocking him out within two minutes.

Pat Comiskey, the giant American heavyweight, beat Johnny Williams, the British heavyweight hope, in an eight round contest, the referee declaring the Englishman unfit to continue at the end of the sixth round.

Mogard, the rugged Canadian sparring partner of Savold, gained a narrow points decision over six rounds on Frank Bell, of Barnsley, Yorkshire.

Another of Savold's sparring partners, Charles Henry, the Croydon heavyweight, who has recently been campaigning in the United States, was beaten on points by the former Irish Heavyweight Champion, Gorry McDermod, over six rounds.

Fanfares of trumpets  
Fanfares of trumpets heralded the approach of the principal contestants in the growing twilight.

Spotlights first picked out the Stars and Stripes which preceded Savold to the ring.

The vast crowd rose to its feet to catch a glimpse of Savold, who was clad in a blue and white satin dressing gown.

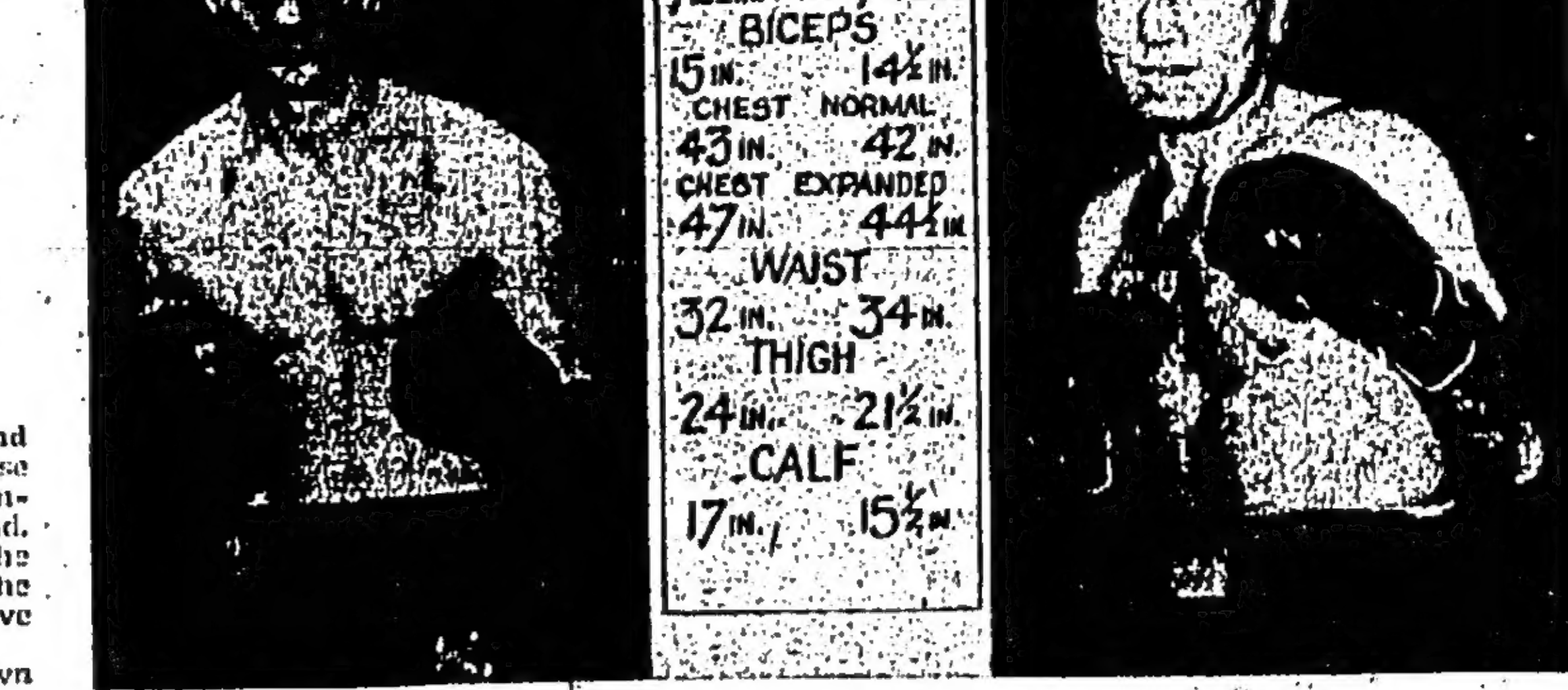
There was a hush for a few moments, then a deep-throated roar from the crowd which almost drowned the second fanfare of trumpets as the Union Jack was seen to emerge and Woodcock, in a red dressing gown, began the long trek to the ring.

Description of fight  
Both boxers were escorted to the ring by many policemen. The following is a round-by-round description of the fight.

Round 1.—The confident Woodcock certainly took this round. The Yorkshireman, fighting grimly and full of confidence, landed at least seven hard rights to the American's head.

Round 2.—Woodcock continued to take the offensive. In this round it was his pelting left which brought Woodcock most of his points. The blows were light and did little damage, but they added up the points.

Round 3.—Woodcock threw numerous hard rights to Savold's face in the early stages. They did not seem to hurt the American in the least, and he fought strongly, countering Woodcock's punches with some telling lefts to the face.



Lee Savold of USA (right) became the new World Heavyweight Champion at London's White City on Tuesday, when Bruce Woodcock of Britain (left) was forced to retire at the end of the fourth round with a badly cut left eye.—(AP photo).

## Why I left the soccer slave market

By NEIL FRANKLIN,

Stoke City and England centre-half  
After 12 months of misery in the Potteries I have found contentment in this picturesque Swiss-like Colombia capital of Bogota.

Having taken the plunge and met so many hospitable folk who cannot do enough to make us feel at home I am only sorry I did not clear out when I was first approached by Santa Fe a few years ago. I was then in the mood to throw in my hand.

I refused to re-sign for Stoke for several seasons, chief of which was the directors would not consider my request for a transfer.

For three months I pleaded for an interview with them without success. Once I was kept waiting for three hours outside the board room, and was finally dismissed without getting inside to put my case.

Then came Hull City's big transfer offer, and again Stoke's refusal to allow me to move.

This was the reward for the loyal service I had given for 10 years from the age of 17.

There and then I should have packed my bags for Bogota instead of weakening. I should have saved myself 12 months of discontent and unpleasantness, and probably been every penny of £4,000 better off.

George Mountford, I agree that our only pang on leaving Stoke City was over the lads for whom we have respect and affection. Otherwise we have no regrets.

Everything better  
Santa Fe is an enterprising club. The climate of Bogota the people, facilities, social status—everything is better than we expected. And the whole atmosphere in which we now live and work is in striking contrast to the shabby treatment at home.

They say I have burned my boats by leaving England and coming to this old world Spanish town. Well, what if I have?

A great deal has been said about the financial details of my engagement with the Santa Fe club.

It is true that I hope to make as much money in one short season as I should have done in 12 months if I had stayed at Stoke. But there is more in it than money. There is a principle involved.

Though I have had 10 years of professional soccer, I still have a conscience, and I cannot reconcile it with some of the back-stage goings-on in English League football.

The plain truth is that there is something rotten in the state of League football today. It is no secret to those inside, but no player with his living to consider can talk openly about it. Now, however, I am free to do so.

Tragedy ahead  
By leaving Stoke I seem to have caused the biggest hullabaloo in the history of international football. The role of central figure in it is not one I particularly like, but it is the particular of my fellow-professionals back home I am happy to play the lead.

If nothing is done others will inevitably follow by my footsteps. That would be a major tragedy for English football. I am not a selfish man, but I am a realist.

Make no mistake about it, I am not a selfish man, but I am a realist. I am not a selfish man, but I am a realist.

Make no mistake about it, I am not a selfish man, but I am a realist. I am not a selfish man, but I am a realist.

Make no mistake about it, I am not a selfish man, but I am a realist. I am not a selfish man, but I am a realist.

Make no mistake about it, I am not a selfish man, but I am a realist. I am not a selfish man, but I am a realist.

### U.S. BASEBALL

New York, June 6.

Today's baseball scores were:

#### AMERICAN LEAGUE

Team	R	H	E
Chicago White Sox	8	13	1
Boston Red Sox	4	7	0
Detroit Tigers	11	16	2
Washington Senators	8	10	0
Cleveland Indians	16	22	6
New York Yankees	2	1	2

#### NATIONAL LEAGUE

Team	R	H	E
New York Giants	10	14	0
Pittsburgh Pirates	4	8	0
Boston Braves	8	8	1
Cincinnati Reds	3	7	2
Brooklyn Dodgers	6	3	0
Chicago Cubs	7	12	2

(13 Innings)

—United Press.

Word of a third party who can't be hauled up for questioning.

Again, according to the noisy don't tell a soul merchants, there are ways and means of wrapping up illegal payments and making them look the genuine thing, as for instance, the player who made it a condition of signing that the club should buy a new car for him.

He demanded a super-charged price for a low-powered vintage job. Actually there are dozens of ways and means of getting under the payments. What is there to stop a staunch supporter handing over the cash? Why, nothing at all.

We live in an age of settling yet it is more than an England player dare do to risk his reputation and international status by getting mixed up in an illegal payments scandal.

I may be mistaken—I leave it to you to judge—but isn't there something radically wrong with a system in which Soccer stars, pulling in record gate receipts, have to rely on odds and ends in the way of "pork" to augment their inadequate wage of £12 a week in the playing season, and £10 during the summer months?

Transfer fees have soared to astronomical heights because as I once heard a director remark, it is better to pay big money which is ploughed back into the game than carry an outside balance and lose most of it in income-tax.

Players earned it  
What a pity they have never thought of giving the players the benefit of that extra money. It was the players alone who earned it.

If it's possible to pay a good wage with gates of 25,000 here in Colombia, there is no earthly reason why English clubs getting 40,000 crowds for every home game shouldn't pay their players sufficient to encourage them to make football their full-time occupation.

And there you have another bone of contention. Because of their reputations the stars have opportunities to pick up good money in other directions.

I agree it's a reflection on big-time football legislation that they have to seek alternative means of making money but they do very often and it doesn't go down too well with the lesser lights of the game, who naturally ask, "What about us? We're just as much the team as they are."

Can you blame players cashing in as quickly as possible even if the methods employed are not quite the thing?

I am now thinking of the undignified business of ticket hawking. Plenty of it goes on in these days of demand exceeding supply. I know of cases where Cup Final players have sold generous ticket allocations at £3 for a seat and 50p standing.

Cashing in  
They look on it as an opportunity to make a little quick money before they quit the game, which is the right one. Time will show.

Injury or loss of form can bring only too soon.

Let me make it quite clear that I did not pull up my roots with a great deal of heart-searching. All the money in football cannot buy the pride that comes from playing for England.

It was not without qualms that George Mountford, I feel, left Stoke for Santa Fe, and our team mates. Neither did we decide to take our wives to these far-off parts without weighing up the situation carefully.

But I believe our decision was the right one. Time will show.

But I believe our decision was the right one. Time will show.

### County cricket:

## Hutton scores fastest century of the season

London, June 6.  
Len Hutton, Reg Simpson and Bill Edrich, England's top-ranking batsmen for the first Test against the West Indies starting on Thursday, featured in today's County cricket honours.

Simpson and Edrich, both amateurs, figured in a thrilling race to become the first player of the season to complete a thousand runs.

Simpson, playing for Nottinghamshire against Gloucestershire, beat the Middlesex all-rounder by only 10 minutes.

Meanwhile, Hutton, who is expected to have Simpson as his opening partner in the Test, was helping Yorkshire in a gallant but vain battle against the clock at Bradford.

Derbyshire had set Yorkshire 209 runs to get in 100 minutes for victory.

Hutton, in his most confident mood, thrashed the bowling to reach a century out of 172 runs in 73 minutes, the fastest century of the season. He hit two sixes and 12 fours.

When the second wicket fell at 182 runs, Yorkshire needed 117 runs and had still 65 minutes left but in going for the runs their last eight wickets fell in 45 minutes for only 37 runs.

Gilbert Parkhouse, 25-year-old Glamorgan batsman, had the distinction of getting his second century in the match against Somerset, a feat which had previously been achieved by only one Glamorgan batsman.

Firm and decisive  
It was also Parkhouse's third century in two consecutive matches. His driving was always firm and decisive and brought him the majority of his 21 fours in his 148 runs total.

Another player to register a century in each innings was F.C. Gardner for Warwickshire against Essex. Gardner, like Parkhouse is an English League footballer during the winter.

Essex thwarted Warwickshire's bid for victory, leaving the County leaders only first innings points.

Kent won an exciting 32-run victory over the joint Champions, Middlesex, with only 15 minutes to spare. It was their first win of the season.

Middlesex, set to get 247 runs for victory in four hours, made a confident start, but they collapsed in the face of some keen bowling by Dover and Wiltshire. The last four wickets falling for 28 runs.

Results  
The results of first-class matches played today were as follows:

At Portsmouth: Hampshire beat Sussex by an innings and 50 runs. Sussex 118 and 218 (John Langridge 53, Parks 50, Shackleton, right-arm fast medium, three for 32). Hampshire 386.

At Worcester: Worcester beat Northamptonshire by eight wickets. Northamptonshire 220 and 227 (Garlick, 62 not out, Jenkins, right-arm slow leg-break, five for 90). Worcester 329 and 119 for two.

At Bradford: Derbyshire beat Yorkshire by 79 runs. Derbyshire 289 and 236 for eight declared. Yorkshire 224 and 219. (Hutton 107, Lawson 61, Rhodes, right-arm slow leg-break, six for 74).

At Cambridge: Cambridge University beat Leicestershire by nine wickets. Leicestershire 139 and 232. Cambridge University 327 for nine declared and 55 for one.

At Huddersfield: Warwickshire 335 and 289 for four declared (Gardner 101 not out Ord 55). Essex 309 and 213 for five (Cray 75 166 not out).

At Cardiff: Glamorgan drew with Somerset. Glamorgan 308 and 283 for two declared (E. Davies 88, Parkhouse 146). Somerset 291 and 231 for nine (Angell 73, Tremlett 80).

At Bristol: Gloucestershire drew with Notts. Gloucestershire 518 for eight declared. Notts 321 and 119 for three (Simpson 58).

At Lords: Kent beat Middlesex by 32 runs. Kent 238 and 274. Middlesex 200 and 214 (Sharp 50, Edrich 93, Dovey, right-arm slow off-spin five for 84).—Reuter.

Injury or loss of form can bring only too soon.

Let me make it quite clear that I did not pull up my roots with a great deal of heart-searching. All the money in football cannot buy the pride that comes from playing for England.

It was not without qualms that George Mountford, I feel, left Stoke for Santa Fe, and our team mates. Neither did we decide to take our wives to these far-off parts without weighing up the situation carefully.

But I believe our decision was the right one. Time will show.

But I believe our decision was the right one. Time will show.

## Denis Compton hopes to play again in July

London, June 6.  
Denis Compton, England and Middlesex cricketer, hopes to be playing again in July. This news came from Compton himself today.

If his expectations are realised he should be fit again to resume his place in the Test side for the third Test with the West Indies at Trent Bridge, his "lucky" ground, on July 20.

Compton is extremely pleased with the progress he has made since his knee operation last week and is optimistic about the future. At the same time, the medical authorities have made it clear that it is too early yet to speculate whether the knee will be well enough again for him to play cricket.

In the London nursing home in which he is staying, however, Compton revealed the remarkable nature of the operation and feels in no doubt that he will be on the field again within a few weeks.

Complete success  
Compton said that everything done so far had met with complete success. The "floating" body which caused the trouble was so small that it was a hundred to one chance on its being removed straight away but the success of the operation enabled the surgeons to flush out the knee and give treatment to the interior which they had not expected to be able to do there and then.

Compton keeps the piece of bone, it is about a quarter of the size of an ordinary garden pea, in a small bottle in a locker at his lodgings.

It is expected that the plaster cast around the knee will be removed tonight. This means that he should be able to begin his convalescent treatment for the muscles tomorrow morning.—Reuter.

## Hockey players offered tempting engagements

London, June 6.  
The hockey team from Pakistan House, London, which competed in the recent International Hockey Festival in Paris, returned here with invitations to tour Holland, Belgium, Spain, France and Italy.

So attractive was their style of play that some of the leading players in the side were offered tempting engagements to coach continental clubs.

The Pakistan side played three matches. Despite the adverse and unfamiliar conditions, they held to a 2-1 draw the champion club of France, S. A. Villa Prieure, of Bordeaux.

They were beaten 4-0 by the Royal Racing Club of Brussels and 4-1 by Stade Francaise of Paris.

These continental clubs were picked with Olympic and international players well accustomed to the uneven surfaces and long grass at the St. Cloud, Paris.—Reuter.

## AUSTRALIA WINS FIRST SPEEDWAY TEST MATCH

London, June 6.  
Australia beat England by 60 points to 47 in the first Speedway Test match of the season tonight.

Vic Duggan, of Harringay, and Rob Lawson, of West Ham, were the chief Australian scorers with 12 points each, while Tommy Cookey, of Wembley, was the English scorer with 10 points.

Jack Parker, of Belle Vue, Manchester, obtained eight points.—Reuter.

## OTHER SPORTS

ON PAGE 5